



Department of Commerce
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Washington State County Travel Impacts 1991-2008

Prepared by Dean Runyan Associates, Inc. per RWC 43.336.060

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Rogers Weed, Director

Washington State County Travel Impacts 1991-2008

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PREFACE

The purpose of this study is to document the economic significance of the travel industry in the 39 counties of Washington state from 1991-2008. These findings show the level of travel spending by those traveling to and through the state and the impact this spending has on the economy in terms of earnings, employment, and tax revenue.

This study was prepared for the Tourism Office of the Washington State Department of Commerce. Among the other state agencies that contributed to this effort were the Parks and Recreation Commission and the Department of Revenue. Special thanks are due to Betsy Gabel, Consumer Marketing Manager and the liaison for this project.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report describes the economic impacts of travel to and through Washington and the state's 39 counties from 1991 to 2008. The report provides county estimates for 2008 and a revised statewide estimate that supersedes the previously released preliminary estimate. A statewide preliminary estimate for 2009 will be available in a forthcoming report.

The estimates of the direct impacts associated with traveler spending in Washington were produced using the Regional Travel Impact Model (RTIM) developed by Dean Runyan Associates. The estimates for Washington are comparable to the U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts produced by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

THE WASHINGTON TRAVEL INDUSTRY GREW IN 2008

The growth of Washington travel industry slowed in 2008, as it did throughout the nation due a decline in business travel and the general recession.

- Travel spending was \$15.4 billion in 2008, a 3.5 percent increase over 2007
- Travel spending generated 150,800 jobs with earnings of \$4.3 billion in 2008. Earnings increased by 0.5 percent over 2007 and employment increased by 1.0 percent.
- Travel spending generated \$1.1 billion in state and local taxes. This represents a 7.3 percent increase over 2007.

THE WASHINGTON TRAVEL INDUSTRY BENEFITS ALL REGIONS OF THE STATE

- Visitor spending in King County accounted for 42 percent of all visitor spending in the state in 2008. The western counties (excluding King) accounted for 29 percent, the eastern counties accounted for 21 percent, and the coastal counties accounted for eight percent of all visitor spending in the state.
- Travel-generated employment accounted for 3.8 percent of all jobs in Washington in 2008. This proportion was 3.3 percent for the four counties with the greatest number of travel-generated jobs (the urban counties of King, Pierce, Snohomish and Spokane). The proportion was 4.7 percent for the remaining 35 counties.
- The six counties with more than ten percent travel-generated jobs were all non-urban (Skamania, Pacific, San Juan, Grays Harbor, Jefferson and Chelan). The 14 counties with more than six percent travel-generated jobs were also all non-urban.

THE WASHINGTON TRAVEL INDUSTRY PROVIDES SIGNIFICANT TAX BENEFITS

Because most of the goods and services purchased by travelers are taxed at the point of sale (e.g., lodging, food service, and retail goods), the travel industry generates relatively large tax benefits for state and local governments.

- Travel spending accounted for 5.9 percent of all state sales tax collections in 2008.
- Travel spending accounted for 12.8 percent of all lodging and local sales tax collections in 2008.

OTHER FINDINGS

- Visitors spent \$3.2 billion on food and beverage services, \$3.3 billion on ground transportation and motor fuel, and \$2.4 billion on accommodations. Total direct travel spending in Washington state was \$15.4 billion in 2008.
- Visitors who stayed overnight in commercial lodging accounted for almost one-half of all visitor spending in Washington state in 2008. Visitors that stayed overnight in the private homes of friends and relatives accounted for another one-quarter of visitor spending.
- Three-fourths of the 150,800 travel-generated jobs in 2008 were in the Leisure and Hospitality sector. This sector includes accommodations, food services and the arts, entertainment and recreation industry. Most of the remaining travel-generated jobs were in retail trade and transportation.
- Total lodging tax collections in Washington state were \$136.4 million in 2008. This is a 1.3 percent increase over 2007. Of these total lodging tax receipts, 45 percent were from King County convention center taxes. Almost one-third (31 percent) was from the state-shared two percent hotel-motel tax. Special or additional hotel-motel taxes accounted for 21 percent. The new Tourism Promotion Area taxes accounted for over three percent of all lodging tax collections in the state.

I. WASHINGTON TRAVEL IMPACTS, 1991-2008

This report describes the economic impacts of travel to and through the state of Washington and each of its 39 counties over the time period 1991 to 2008. The estimates of the direct impacts associated with traveler spending in Washington were produced using the Regional Travel Impact Model (RTIM) developed by Dean Runyan Associates. The input data used to detail the economic impacts of the Washington travel industry were derived from various local, state, and federal sources. A primary objective of this research is to provide reliable, detailed figures that allow comparisons from year-to-year at the state and county levels. A description of the RTIM methodology is included in Appendix A.

TYPES OF TRAVEL INCLUDED

Most of the travel that occurs in Washington is included in the scope of this analysis. The purpose of such travel can be for business, pleasure, shopping, to attend meetings, or for personal, medical, or educational purposes. All trips to Washington state by U.S. residents and foreign visitors are included. The travel of Washington residents to other destinations within Washington is included, provided that it is neither commuting nor other routine travel. Travel to non-Washington destinations by Washington residents is not included as a component of visitor spending. Outbound air travel impacts and spending on travel arrangement services are included in the "other travel" category.

The impacts associated with both overnight and day travel are included if the travelers remain at the destination overnight or the destination is over 50 miles, one-way, from the traveler's home. These definitions are used to screen and, if necessary, to interpret and adjust local data used for travel impact measurements. The most conservative interpretation is employed where data limitations cause deviations from the above definition.

TRANSPORTATION IMPACTS

The focus of this analysis is on the destination-specific impacts of visitors. This is straightforward with respect to the spending on commodities such as accommodations, food services, recreation, and retail purchases. It is less obvious with respect to ground and air transportation services, in that transportation provides a link between an origin and destination. In this report, the impacts related to spending on transportation are allocated to the location (i.e., county) in which those spending impacts occur, regardless of whether that location is the ultimate destination of the visitor. For this reason, urban counties will tend to have relatively greater transportation impacts even though some of that spending on transportation will be related to visits at other destinations.

DIRECT VERSUS INDIRECT IMPACTS OR “MULTIPLIERS”

Economic impact measurements reported herein represent only direct economic impacts. Direct economic impacts include only the spending by travelers and the employment generated by that spending. Indirect or “multiplier” effects, which refer to the additional spending of businesses and employees induced by travel spending, are not included.

RELATIVE TRAVEL IMPACTS

While travel impacts are typically greater in absolute terms in urban counties (e.g., King), they are often greater in relation to the total economy in rural counties (e.g., Chelan, San Juan, and Pacific). The tables on pages 16 and 17 of this report provide three indicators of the relative importance of the travel economy on counties:

- Travel-generated earnings as a proportion of total earnings.
- Travel-generated employment as a proportion of total employment.
- Travel-generated sales and lodging tax receipts as a proportion of total sales and lodging tax receipts.

The earnings and employment estimates are provided in a single table in this year’s report. The travel-generated employment estimates (as a percentage of total employment) are invariably greater than the travel-generated earnings estimates because the travel industry provides a large number of entry-level positions, and because many of the jobs in the travel-industry (e.g., food service) provide part-time employment.

The visitor-generated sales and lodging tax percentages are generally even greater than the employment estimates. This is because a higher proportion of the commodities and services purchased by visitors on a daily basis are subject to local and state sales and lodging taxes than is the case for residents.¹ This is most apparent for a number of non-metropolitan visitor destinations, as noted above. This effect is greater for local taxes than for state taxes, primarily because lodging taxes are local taxes.²

There are caveats in using these indicators. Estimates for small areas (e.g., rural counties) are generally less reliable than estimates for larger local economies as they are based on smaller samples. With respect to retail sales, total sales tax collections may be a sum of county residents, visitors, and residents of other counties that are not classified as visitors (e.g., they travel 25 miles to shop at a retail center in another county). For these and other reasons, the measures provided in this report are best viewed as rough indicators that should be used in conjunction with other measures of local economic activity.

¹ For example, whereas visitors typically purchase lodging and meals that are taxed on a daily basis, residents are more likely to purchase groceries and services that are not taxed.

² The King County Convention Center tax is technically a state tax, although it is treated as a local tax for the purpose of this analysis.

IMPACT CATEGORIES

The specific categories of travel impacts included in this analysis are as follows:

Impact Category	Description
Expenditures	Purchases by travelers during their trip, including lodging taxes and other applicable local and state taxes, paid by the traveler at the point of sale.
Total Earnings	The earnings (wage and salary disbursements, earned benefits, and proprietor income) of employees and owners of businesses that receive travel expenditures. Only the earnings attributable to travel expenditures are included; this typically is only a portion of all business receipts.
Employment	Employment associated with the above earnings; this includes both full- and part-time positions of wage and salary workers and proprietors.
Local Tax Receipts	Tax receipts collected by counties and municipalities, as levied on applicable travel-related purchases. Includes local sales taxes, auto rental taxes, and all transient occupancy taxes, including the two percent state shared tax, additional hotel/motel taxes, and the King County convention center tax (which is technically a state tax).
State Tax Receipts	State excise taxes such as sales, auto rental, and gasoline taxes attributable to travel expenditures and business taxes levied on travel industry firms (i.e., B&O taxes).

VISITOR CATEGORIES

Travelers are classified according to the type of accommodation in which they stay. The types of visitors are as follows:

Type of Visitor	Description
Hotel/Motel/B&B Guest	Travelers staying in hotels, motels, resorts, bed & breakfast establishments, and other commercial accommodations, excluding campgrounds, where a transient lodging tax is collected.
Private Camper	Travelers staying in a privately owned (i.e., commercial) campground.
Public Camper	Travelers staying in a publicly managed campground such as those managed by the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission, the U.S. Forest Service, or the National Park Service.
Private Home Visitor	Travelers staying as guests with friends or relatives.
Vacation Home Visitor	Travelers using their own vacation home or timeshare and those borrowing or renting a vacation home where transient lodging tax is not collected.
Day Visitor	Both in-state and out-of-state residents whose trip does not include an overnight stay at a destination in Washington.

INTERPRETATION OF IMPACT ESTIMATES

Users of this report should be aware of several issues regarding the interpretation of the impact estimates contained herein.

- The estimates contained in this report are based on the most current data available and supersede all previous estimates of travel impacts.
- The monetary estimates in this report are expressed in *current* dollars. There is no adjustment for inflation.
- The employment estimates in this report are estimates of the total number of full- and part-time directly generated by travel spending, rather than the number of individuals employed. Both payroll and self-employment are included in these estimates. Caution should therefore be used in comparing these estimates with other employment data series.
- In general, estimates of small geographic areas (e.g., rural counties) are less reliable than estimates for regions or metropolitan counties. Trend analysis and comparisons of counties with relatively low levels of travel related economic activity should therefore be interpreted cautiously.
- The estimates of travel impacts published in this report will necessarily differ somewhat from estimates generated from different models, methodologies and data sources. Nonetheless, it should be emphasized that all credible estimates of direct travel impacts at the state level, including those of Dean Runyan Associates, are of similar magnitude.

REPORT CONTENTS

Detailed travel impacts for the state, regions, and counties are reported on pages 5 through 55. The section of Transient Lodging Taxes is on pages 56 through 69. The appendices begin on page 70.

**Washington State
Travel Impacts, 1991-2001**

	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)						
Visitor Spending at Destination	5,678	6,079	6,595	7,384	8,174	8,991
Other Travel*	1,144	1,219	1,220	1,361	1,414	1,489
Total Direct Spending	6,823	7,298	7,815	8,745	9,589	10,480
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)						
Hotel, Motel	2,551	2,724	3,077	3,493	3,986	4,384
Private Campground	247	237	217	279	296	318
Public Campground	105	110	114	121	122	130
Private Home	1,455	1,606	1,694	1,849	2,008	2,224
Vacation Home	115	123	130	138	145	157
Day Travel	1,205	1,279	1,364	1,504	1,617	1,779
Spending at Destination	5,678	6,079	6,595	7,384	8,174	8,991
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)						
Accommodations	889	950	1,091	1,266	1,467	1,568
Food & Beverage Services	1,358	1,433	1,566	1,759	1,975	2,167
Food Stores	284	297	325	372	411	451
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	927	1,012	1,084	1,203	1,299	1,592
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	796	847	922	1,008	1,093	1,178
Retail Sales	1,013	1,080	1,158	1,268	1,354	1,440
Air Transportation (visitor only)	411	460	449	508	575	595
Spending at Destination	5,678	6,079	6,595	7,384	8,174	8,991
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)						
Accommodations & Food Service	801	847	946	1,065	1,248	1,370
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	407	432	470	515	571	654
Retail**	194	206	223	244	268	290
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	47	51	60	68	80	96
Air Transportation (visitor only)	139	149	150	163	192	250
Other Travel*	452	463	475	508	527	659
Total Direct Earnings	2,040	2,149	2,324	2,563	2,887	3,320
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)						
Accommodations & Food Service	59.9	60.2	62.2	63.2	65.9	67.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	36.9	37.2	37.2	35.4	36.8	39.5
Retail**	13.7	13.5	13.7	13.9	13.9	14.1
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.7	4.5
Air Transportation (visitor only)	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.4
Other Travel*	10.4	9.8	9.9	10.8	11.7	12.2
Total Direct Employment	127.0	126.7	129.5	130.4	136.0	141.9
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)						
Local Tax Receipts	88	98	114	152	182	211
State Tax Receipts	334	367	391	429	471	506
Federal Tax Receipts	394	423	439	485	542	620
Total Direct Tax Receipts	816	888	944	1,066	1,195	1,337

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

*Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies. **Retail includes gasoline.

Washington State Travel Impacts, 2002-2008

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	8,939	9,443	10,167	11,031	12,026	12,905	13,409
Other Travel*	1,424	1,403	1,487	1,671	1,843	1,953	1,973
Total Direct Spending	10,362	10,846	11,654	12,702	13,869	14,858	15,382
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler							
Hotel, Motel	4,336	4,596	5,007	5,443	6,040	6,557	6,730
Private Campground	312	327	345	378	401	452	457
Public Campground	130	136	143	153	162	167	176
Private Home	2,223	2,332	2,473	2,680	2,871	3,024	3,206
Vacation Home	158	165	174	183	193	203	212
Day Travel	1,779	1,886	2,025	2,193	2,359	2,502	2,627
Spending at Destination	8,939	9,443	10,167	11,031	12,026	12,905	13,409
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	1,522	1,556	1,685	1,844	2,102	2,347	2,397
Food & Beverage Services	2,252	2,357	2,525	2,695	2,874	3,067	3,164
Food Stores	462	483	515	534	555	598	633
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	1,500	1,800	2,078	2,409	2,752	3,007	3,332
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,202	1,246	1,303	1,344	1,405	1,457	1,459
Retail Sales	1,430	1,450	1,476	1,523	1,582	1,618	1,609
Air Transportation (visitor only)	571	550	585	682	756	812	816
Spending at Destination	8,939	9,443	10,167	11,031	12,026	12,905	13,409
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,411	1,485	1,557	1,678	1,806	1,948	2,003
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	634	674	687	729	762	790	791
Retail**	301	317	330	339	351	363	363
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	100	108	113	117	123	128	132
Air Transportation (visitor only)	246	260	275	267	260	269	255
Other Travel*	639	673	711	703	711	731	707
Total Direct Earnings	3,330	3,515	3,672	3,834	4,013	4,229	4,251
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	67.2	68.7	69.8	73.1	75.4	78.4	78.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	36.9	38.0	36.8	36.9	37.6	38.2	38.6
Retail**	14.1	14.4	14.7	14.8	14.9	14.9	14.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	4.3	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.5
Other Travel*	10.9	10.9	10.7	10.4	10.3	10.3	10.5
Total Direct Employment	137.3	140.8	140.7	143.7	146.6	149.9	150.8
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	209	219	235	254	282	310	315
State Tax Receipts	511	544	575	601	647	687	698
Federal Tax Receipts	642	654	680	720	759	796	797
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1,362	1,417	1,490	1,574	1,688	1,792	1,810

Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

*Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies. **Retail includes gasoline.

Coastal Region Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	523	722	753	845	948	1,000	1,037
Other Travel*	4	4	4	3	5	5	5
Total Direct Spending	527	726	756	848	953	1,006	1,042
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	222	292	317	365	412	422	440
Private Campground	51	82	79	85	94	115	112
Public Campground	26	34	35	37	42	43	45
Private Home	97	146	150	168	189	197	209
Vacation Home	33	40	42	45	50	52	54
Day Travel	94	127	131	145	162	172	178
Spending at Destination	523	722	753	845	948	1,000	1,037
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	96	135	142	155	173	185	189
Food & Beverage Services	141	190	209	232	256	268	277
Food Stores	38	54	58	64	67	73	77
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	57	98	90	128	174	191	213
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	90	116	122	132	138	141	141
Retail Sales	101	129	131	133	139	141	140
Air Transportation (visitor only)	a	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spending at Destination	523	722	753	845	948	1,000	1,037
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	83.6	117.2	129.9	142.2	155.4	163.0	168.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	44.4	62.3	62.5	66.9	72.6	74.3	74.5
Retail**	20.1	28.5	29.8	32.3	33.7	35.0	35.0
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.0	4.2	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.9	6.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.4	2.7	2.5
Total Direct Earnings	152.1	214.1	228.6	248.1	269.7	280.9	286.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.6
Retail**	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Direct Employment	14.3	14.4	14.8	15.4	15.8	16.1	16.0
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	6.5	11.5	13.9	15.4	16.9	17.8	18.2
State Tax Receipts	29.9	40.0	42.3	47.0	51.4	54.0	54.8
Total Direct Tax Receipts	36.4	51.5	56.2	62.4	68.3	71.8	73.0

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$500,000 spending = 'a'. Less than \$50,000 earnings = 'b'. Less than five employees = 'c'.

Coastal Region includes Clallam, Grays Harbor, Jefferson, Kitsap, Mason, Pacific, and Wahkiakum counties.

**Western Region
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	1,647	2,567	2,614	2,992	3,538	3,772	3,952
Other Travel*	42	40	35	28	38	43	41
Total Direct Spending	1,689	2,607	2,649	3,021	3,576	3,816	3,993
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	542	935	928	1,076	1,312	1,414	1,455
Private Campground	81	111	110	123	149	167	171
Public Campground	36	44	44	49	55	57	60
Private Home	449	693	732	837	962	1,013	1,086
Vacation Home	43	56	59	65	73	77	80
Day Travel	496	727	741	842	987	1,045	1,100
Spending at Destination	1,647	2,567	2,614	2,992	3,538	3,772	3,952
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	193	335	331	369	459	510	525
Food & Beverage Services	441	685	736	818	934	991	1,024
Food Stores	99	155	167	185	201	216	229
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	291	494	457	651	897	983	1,101
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	271	403	420	453	492	507	509
Retail Sales	351	495	503	516	555	565	564
Air Transportation (visitor only)	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Spending at Destination	1,647	2,567	2,614	2,992	3,538	3,772	3,952
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	222.1	364.7	392.4	429.3	495.8	530.8	548.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	120.4	192.9	190.2	203.6	227.2	234.0	235.2
Retail**	68.2	103.0	107.2	117.0	125.0	129.0	129.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	8.4	17.3	19.3	21.3	23.8	24.9	25.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	20.8	19.8	17.4	14.2	19.1	21.6	20.3
Total Direct Earnings	440.0	697.8	726.5	785.5	891.0	940.3	958.9
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	18.7	20.9	21.1	21.6	23.5	24.2	24.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	14.0	15.2	14.4	14.2	14.4	14.9	14.9
Retail**	5.1	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.5	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
Air Transportation (visitor only)	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
Other Travel*	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Direct Employment	39.2	43.3	42.2	42.8	45.0	46.1	46.4
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	18.9	38.7	42.4	49.0	59.1	63.4	65.2
State Tax Receipts	108.8	156.7	163.7	182.9	206.5	218.1	221.6
Total Direct Tax Receipts	127.7	195.4	206.2	231.9	265.6	281.5	286.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$500,000 spending = 'a'. Less than \$50,000 earnings = 'b'. Less than five employees = 'c'.

Western Region includes Clark, Cowlitz, Island, Lewis, Pierce, San Juan, Skagit, Skamania, Snohomish, Thurston, and Whatcom counties.

**King County
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Other Travel*	1,058	1,449	1,347	1,414	1,743	1,841	1,866
Total Direct Spending	3,303	5,297	5,058	5,625	6,848	7,335	7,511
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	1,227	2,310	2,194	2,534	3,134	3,412	3,467
Private Campground	13	20	19	21	24	24	25
Public Campground	2	3	3	4	4	4	4
Private Home	679	1,008	986	1,066	1,254	1,324	1,385
Vacation Home	7	13	14	16	17	18	19
Day Travel	317	494	495	570	671	711	744
Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	405	804	734	813	1,071	1,198	1,209
Food & Beverage Services	442	756	797	910	1,060	1,134	1,163
Food Stores	70	117	124	141	154	165	175
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	379	679	639	851	1,067	1,159	1,265
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	226	363	371	409	449	466	465
Retail Sales	320	492	487	512	559	573	566
Air Transportation (visitor only)	402	636	560	575	743	798	802
Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	300	556	568	636	770	833	847
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	132	231	224	245	278	288	288
Retail**	56	90	92	103	111	115	114
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	32	64	67	76	82	85	87
Air Transportation (visitor only)	136	215	241	270	255	263	249
Other Travel*	411	540	601	675	662	676	656
Total Direct Earnings	1,067	1,697	1,793	2,004	2,158	2,260	2,242
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	17.0	19.9	20.9	22.1	25.1	26.2	26.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6.3	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.9
Retail**	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.0	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	3.1	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.3	3.4
Other Travel*	8.7	10.6	9.6	9.6	9.2	9.1	9.3
Total Direct Employment	40.2	48.3	48.1	49.9	52.1	53.1	53.4
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	46.4	127.8	123.6	137.7	166.1	184.1	186.2
State Tax Receipts	115.5	189.1	189.9	216.8	247.4	263.2	266.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	161.8	316.8	313.5	354.5	413.6	447.3	452.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$500,000 spending = 'a'. Less than \$50,000 earnings = 'b'. Less than five employees = 'c'.

**Eastern Region
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	1,264	1,830	1,861	2,120	2,435	2,638	2,776
Other Travel*	40	45	38	42	57	63	61
Total Direct Spending	1,304	1,874	1,899	2,161	2,492	2,702	2,837
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	561	869	898	1,032	1,181	1,310	1,369
Private Campground	101	111	104	116	134	145	149
Public Campground	42	52	48	53	61	63	67
Private Home	229	345	355	402	467	490	527
Vacation Home	33	42	44	48	54	57	59
Day Travel	298	410	413	468	538	574	605
Spending at Destination	1,264	1,830	1,861	2,120	2,435	2,638	2,776
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	195	304	316	347	398	453	473
Food & Beverage Services	334	476	510	565	624	674	700
Food Stores	77	108	113	125	132	143	152
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	200	341	314	448	613	673	753
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	209	280	289	310	326	342	345
Retail Sales	240	310	309	315	330	340	339
Air Transportation (visitor only)	8	12	10	10	13	13	14
Spending at Destination	1,264	1,830	1,861	2,120	2,435	2,638	2,776
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	195.6	294.6	320.9	350.2	385.1	421.6	439.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	110.0	161.5	157.6	170.8	184.2	193.4	194.1
Retail**	49.8	69.8	71.4	77.6	81.0	84.4	84.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	4.4	9.1	9.6	10.9	11.7	12.2	12.5
Air Transportation (visitor only)	2.8	4.2	4.4	4.7	5.3	5.8	5.5
Other Travel*	18.4	19.6	18.0	20.3	26.8	30.3	28.6
Total Direct Earnings	381.1	558.8	582.0	634.4	694.1	747.7	764.6
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	16.7	17.4	17.4	17.9	18.6	19.6	19.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	11.6	11.2	10.0	9.8	10.1	10.1	10.2
Retail**	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Total Direct Employment	33.2	33.9	32.2	32.6	33.7	34.6	34.9
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	15.8	27.5	29.3	33.2	40.0	44.3	45.6
State Tax Receipts	79.4	110.0	114.7	128.4	141.5	151.6	154.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	95.3	137.5	144.0	161.6	181.5	195.8	200.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$500,000 spending = 'a'. Less than \$50,000 earnings = 'b'. Less than five employees = 'c'.

Eastern Region includes Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Lincoln, Kittitas, Klickitat, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima counties.

Washington State Regions Travel Impacts, 2008

	Coastal	Western	King Co.	Eastern	State Total
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)					
Visitor Spending at Destination	1,037	3,952	5,645	2,776	13,409
Other Travel*	5	41	1,866	61	1,973
Total Direct Spending	1,042	3,993	7,511	2,837	15,382
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)					
Hotel, Motel	440	1,455	3,467	1,369	6,730
Private Campground	112	171	25	149	457
Public Campground	45	60	4	67	176
Private Home	209	1,086	1,385	527	3,206
Vacation Home	54	80	19	59	212
Day Travel	178	1,100	744	605	2,627
Spending at Destination	1,037	3,952	5,645	2,776	13,409
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)					
Accommodations	189	525	1,209	473	2,397
Food & Beverage Services	277	1,024	1,163	700	3,164
Food Stores	77	229	175	152	633
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	213	1,101	1,265	753	3,332
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	141	509	465	345	1,459
Retail Sales	140	564	566	339	1,609
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	a	802	14	682
Spending at Destination	1,037	3,952	5,645	2,776	13,409
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)					
Accommodations & Food Service	168.1	548.4	847.4	439.2	2,003.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	74.5	235.2	287.7	194.1	791.4
Retail**	35.0	129.3	114.3	84.7	363.2
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	6.1	25.6	87.5	12.5	131.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.1	248.9	5.5	254.5
Other Travel*	2.5	20.3	655.9	28.6	707.3
Total Direct Earnings	286.1	958.9	2,241.6	764.6	4,251.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Thousand Jobs)					
Accommodations & Food Service	8.5	24.5	26.1	19.9	78.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.6	14.9	7.9	10.2	38.6
Retail**	1.6	5.6	3.7	3.7	14.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.9	3.1	0.4	4.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	c	c	3.4	0.1	3.7
Other Travel*	0.1	0.5	9.3	0.6	10.5
Total Direct Employment	16.0	46.4	53.4	34.9	150.8
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)					
Local Tax Receipts	18	65	186	46	315
State Tax Receipts	55	222	267	155	698
Total Direct Tax Receipts	73	287	453	200	1,013

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agency services.
**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$500,000 spending denoted by 'a'. Less than 5 employees denoted by 'c'.

Washington State Travel Impacts by County, 2008

	Travel			Tax Receipts		
	Spending (\$Million)	Earnings (\$Million)	Employment (jobs)	Local (\$Million)	State (\$Million)	Total (\$Million)
Adams	30.1	4.7	330	0.3	1.8	2.1
Asotin	27.2	7.5	380	0.3	1.5	1.8
Benton	275.0	64.1	3,200	5.2	15.6	20.8
Chelan	348.1	110.3	5,630	7.7	18.2	25.9
Clallam	183.4	51.3	2,990	3.5	9.9	13.4
Clark	420.9	105.0	4,040	5.9	23.7	29.6
Columbia	7.7	1.7	100	0.1	0.4	0.5
Cowlitz	141.8	33.0	1,790	1.8	7.9	9.7
Douglas	40.3	6.8	320	0.4	2.4	2.8
Ferry	15.4	3.5	240	0.2	0.7	0.9
Franklin	95.5	22.4	1,210	1.6	5.3	6.9
Garfield	2.0	0.5	30	0.0	0.1	0.1
Grant	214.0	53.4	2,630	2.7	11.8	14.6
Grays Harbor	269.7	82.7	4,850	5.2	13.9	19.0
Island	135.3	44.2	2,450	2.5	7.2	9.7
Jefferson	102.4	28.7	1,580	2.1	5.2	7.3
King	7,510.6	2,241.6	53,410	186.2	266.7	452.9
Kitsap	272.8	62.9	3,170	4.2	15.3	19.6
Kittitas	133.8	31.8	1,570	1.6	7.7	9.3
Klickitat	31.8	7.2	470	0.2	1.7	1.9
Lewis	192.8	38.4	2,060	2.0	11.5	13.5
Lincoln	18.9	4.1	190	0.1	1.1	1.3
Mason	93.4	28.2	1,320	1.5	5.2	6.6
Okanogan	141.7	39.3	1,670	1.7	7.7	9.5
Pacific	116.5	31.1	2,010	1.7	5.1	6.7
Pend Oreille	24.0	6.0	340	0.2	1.1	1.3
Pierce	953.1	231.6	11,270	20.0	52.1	72.1
San Juan	129.9	42.7	1,740	2.4	6.7	9.1
Skagit	268.0	60.2	3,080	3.3	15.7	19.0
Skamania	53.6	14.1	700	0.6	2.1	2.7
Snohomish	924.0	203.2	9,610	14.7	51.6	66.3
Spokane	884.7	274.7	10,110	15.1	46.8	61.9
Stevens	53.1	14.0	930	0.4	2.7	3.1
Thurston	294.1	69.2	3,070	4.3	16.4	20.7
Wahkiakum	4.0	1.1	70	0.0	0.2	0.3
Walla Walla	91.4	24.4	1,280	1.4	4.9	6.3
Whatcom	479.4	117.3	6,620	7.6	26.8	34.4
Whitman	57.0	15.2	880	0.8	3.3	4.1
Yakima	344.9	73.1	3,410	5.6	19.7	25.3
State Total	15,382	4,251	150,750	315.3	697.7	1,013.0

**Washington State
Travel Spending by County, 1991-1999**

(\$Millions)

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
Adams	13.1	13.9	14.3	15.0	14.3	15.1	15.4	15.6	16.3
Asotin	14.3	14.8	14.9	17.3	17.8	17.7	18.1	18.3	20.3
Benton	99.6	108.2	117.9	145.9	137.9	138.0	147.6	149.8	157.8
Chelan	156.1	159.0	163.3	155.5	184.6	184.3	199.9	212.2	234.6
Clallam	99.5	109.1	109.9	108.6	115.8	117.1	121.7	128.8	128.2
Clark	150.0	156.5	161.9	169.3	180.9	192.8	204.1	223.5	230.6
Columbia	3.0	3.2	3.4	4.6	5.1	4.5	4.9	4.7	5.2
Cowlitz	74.7	73.7	75.4	76.7	82.6	84.9	90.7	89.9	94.1
Douglas	19.1	20.4	19.7	19.6	20.8	21.4	22.6	21.0	22.8
Ferry	10.1	10.4	10.3	9.8	10.6	10.3	10.2	9.8	10.7
Franklin	50.3	51.7	54.1	55.6	56.2	54.6	53.7	53.1	53.6
Garfield	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Grant	98.7	98.9	102.6	98.9	99.3	102.8	106.4	110.0	114.7
Grays Harbor	119.8	125.4	127.3	129.1	137.9	143.6	147.9	163.3	167.8
Island	79.4	83.2	86.6	86.7	87.8	90.6	93.9	93.8	99.9
Jefferson	63.4	63.9	69.4	67.0	71.7	77.8	74.7	80.4	81.6
King	3,302.8	3,424.4	3,533.5	3,618.9	3,779.2	4,104.2	4,356.9	4,543.5	4,834.7
Kitsap	133.0	135.6	132.9	135.2	140.8	146.3	150.2	155.9	164.6
Kittitas	55.3	58.8	60.3	62.6	64.3	69.9	68.7	65.3	75.4
Klickitat	16.7	17.0	17.9	17.2	18.9	18.4	18.7	19.1	21.2
Lewis	85.0	88.0	87.0	86.0	90.6	92.0	96.9	100.4	106.2
Lincoln	7.2	7.6	7.9	8.5	8.5	8.6	9.2	9.1	9.8
Mason	47.1	48.6	50.1	49.9	52.3	53.1	55.0	54.9	57.6
Okanogan	69.7	72.5	75.3	71.3	79.9	80.7	86.8	92.9	101.2
Pacific	62.4	65.3	66.5	68.4	71.2	71.1	75.2	79.1	79.9
Pend Oreille	12.6	13.0	13.6	13.3	14.7	15.2	15.6	16.1	16.8
Pierce	423.1	439.5	451.2	461.0	482.1	502.7	534.7	541.4	571.9
San Juan	52.4	60.5	65.5	67.6	78.9	86.4	83.4	94.9	95.5
Skagit	119.6	122.6	119.7	124.9	127.9	131.0	141.1	144.6	159.7
Skamania	11.3	11.9	31.8	36.4	30.2	31.0	32.6	32.2	34.5
Snohomish	351.0	367.7	381.8	386.3	414.3	444.0	478.8	485.4	518.7
Spokane	408.1	424.0	432.7	443.9	459.6	487.3	498.3	510.0	524.1
Stevens	30.5	31.3	31.5	32.6	32.0	32.9	33.4	33.2	35.8
Thurston	109.1	116.4	121.0	129.9	134.8	148.0	149.8	152.7	161.5
Wahkiakum	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3
Walla Walla	34.9	37.2	36.1	39.5	41.9	42.1	42.8	42.8	45.5
Whatcom	233.7	244.4	237.3	236.2	240.5	252.4	263.9	265.0	279.3
Whitman	23.4	22.4	23.9	25.3	29.6	30.8	30.4	36.9	33.6
Yakima	179.9	164.8	187.2	193.4	196.4	203.3	207.0	205.3	219.2
State Total	6,822.6	7,068.3	7,298.4	7,470.4	7,814.7	8,310.3	8,744.9	9,058.3	9,588.6

Washington State Travel Spending by County, 2000-2008

(\$Millions)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	*Annual Change
Adams	18.3	18.5	17.5	19.7	22.1	24.3	26.1	27.6	30.1	5.0%
Asotin	22.0	22.2	22.2	21.6	24.4	24.1	26.5	26.6	27.2	3.8%
Benton	174.2	183.1	189.5	201.2	214.6	223.2	238.5	261.2	275.0	6.2%
Chelan	247.3	249.9	256.4	263.0	278.9	282.9	315.7	340.7	348.1	4.8%
Clallam	133.1	138.0	138.5	142.8	156.1	166.8	172.8	181.0	183.4	3.7%
Clark	252.8	260.4	261.5	277.7	298.9	333.5	370.3	399.5	420.9	6.3%
Columbia	5.4	5.5	5.5	6.3	5.9	6.8	6.7	7.8	7.7	5.6%
Cowlitz	96.3	100.7	97.0	98.4	106.8	112.8	122.9	136.8	141.8	3.8%
Douglas	25.1	25.5	23.9	26.8	27.5	30.7	34.2	37.4	40.3	4.5%
Ferry	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.1	12.3	13.1	13.8	14.8	15.4	2.5%
Franklin	57.1	59.9	59.2	61.3	66.5	76.5	81.6	90.6	95.5	3.9%
Garfield	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0	3.7%
Grant	134.4	127.6	131.2	134.2	142.7	161.5	169.6	189.8	214.0	4.7%
Grays Harbor	178.7	183.2	184.0	195.0	205.5	218.5	233.0	256.9	269.7	4.9%
Island	106.0	111.7	108.6	109.5	115.9	120.7	126.6	129.9	135.3	3.2%
Jefferson	85.8	84.1	87.3	87.3	98.4	95.7	98.6	102.6	102.4	2.9%
King	5,296.6	5,190.3	5,058.2	5,259.6	5,624.7	6,206.5	6,848.1	7,335.0	7,510.6	5.0%
Kitsap	176.5	183.1	190.5	199.2	216.5	237.3	251.7	258.8	272.8	4.3%
Kittitas	77.9	79.1	78.9	83.9	88.8	102.1	112.2	122.1	133.8	5.3%
Klickitat	21.6	23.3	23.5	23.3	24.3	25.7	27.4	29.9	31.8	3.9%
Lewis	118.2	122.8	124.8	132.1	141.0	155.1	169.1	180.0	192.8	4.9%
Lincoln	11.0	11.3	11.0	11.6	12.8	14.3	16.0	16.7	18.9	5.8%
Mason	61.1	62.4	62.0	62.3	70.5	79.1	85.4	90.2	93.4	4.1%
Okanogan	108.7	109.2	101.3	107.2	115.2	120.5	128.3	135.6	141.7	4.3%
Pacific	87.9	89.1	91.5	93.2	97.5	104.0	106.9	111.8	116.5	3.7%
Pend Oreille	18.2	18.6	18.3	19.2	19.2	21.5	21.5	22.5	24.0	3.8%
Pierce	646.0	640.1	644.2	674.0	729.1	786.5	852.8	893.4	953.1	4.9%
San Juan	105.6	113.9	110.6	106.2	116.1	118.8	121.3	127.3	129.9	5.5%
Skagit	174.2	171.3	167.4	178.7	195.0	211.6	234.6	255.1	268.0	4.9%
Skamania	39.6	37.2	37.5	46.8	51.4	53.5	55.9	58.7	53.6	9.6%
Snohomish	584.2	591.2	589.2	611.6	681.0	755.7	835.1	894.9	924.0	5.9%
Spokane	574.4	570.5	568.5	637.6	686.4	727.8	788.3	859.7	884.7	4.7%
Stevens	38.3	39.1	39.5	40.9	43.2	46.9	49.8	52.3	53.1	3.3%
Thurston	180.0	189.6	190.3	208.6	223.8	241.7	265.4	285.7	294.1	6.0%
Wahkiakum	2.5	2.4	2.6	3.3	3.0	3.1	4.1	4.2	4.0	6.1%
Walla Walla	50.7	57.2	57.5	60.5	65.1	71.6	75.8	84.0	91.4	5.8%
Whatcom	303.9	313.9	317.7	334.6	361.9	396.4	422.5	454.7	479.4	4.3%
Whitman	40.4	39.8	39.8	43.8	46.1	47.4	51.4	53.9	57.0	5.4%
Yakima	235.9	240.2	241.2	249.2	263.5	282.3	307.1	327.0	344.9	3.9%
State Total	10,504	10,480	10,362	10,846	11,654	12,702	13,869	14,858	15,382	4.9%

*Annual Change is the average annual percentage change from 1991-2008.

**Total Employment and Earnings Compared to
Travel-Generated Employment and Earnings, by County (2008)**

County	Employment			Earnings (\$Millions)		
	Total	Travel	Percent	Total	Travel	Percent
Adams	9,110	330	3.6%	308.2	4.7	1.5%
Asotin	8,600	380	4.4%	272.5	7.5	2.8%
Benton	93,570	3,200	3.4%	4,707.0	64.1	1.4%
Chelan	54,030	5,630	10.4%	1,944.6	110.3	5.7%
Clallam	36,290	2,990	8.2%	1,221.8	51.3	4.2%
Clark	188,720	4,040	2.1%	8,283.2	105.0	1.3%
Columbia	2,100	100	4.9%	85.8	1.7	2.0%
Cowlitz	48,020	1,790	3.7%	2,071.1	33.0	1.6%
Douglas	12,970	320	2.4%	443.7	6.8	1.5%
Ferry	2,820	240	8.7%	84.9	3.5	4.1%
Franklin	33,470	1,210	3.6%	1,319.2	22.4	1.7%
Garfield	1,290	30	2.5%	30.9	0.5	1.6%
Grant	42,790	2,630	6.2%	1,562.5	53.4	3.4%
Grays Harbor	34,020	4,850	14.2%	1,256.5	82.7	6.6%
Island	36,910	2,450	6.6%	1,639.0	44.2	2.7%
Jefferson	15,100	1,580	10.5%	463.2	28.7	6.2%
King	1,550,620	53,410	3.4%	103,490.7	2,241.6	2.2%
Kitsap	127,830	3,170	2.5%	6,240.8	62.9	1.0%
Kittitas	20,780	1,570	7.6%	713.6	31.8	4.5%
Klickitat	10,200	470	4.6%	363.7	7.2	2.0%
Lewis	35,750	2,060	5.8%	1,284.7	38.4	3.0%
Lincoln	5,060	190	3.7%	140.9	4.1	2.9%
Mason	21,070	1,320	6.3%	739.0	28.2	3.8%
Okanogan	24,570	1,670	6.8%	767.9	39.3	5.1%
Pacific	9,850	2,010	20.4%	297.6	31.1	10.5%
Pend Oreille	4,350	340	7.8%	174.1	6.0	3.4%
Pierce	391,290	11,270	2.9%	19,805.6	231.6	1.2%
San Juan	11,120	1,740	15.7%	295.5	42.7	14.5%
Skagit	66,860	3,080	4.6%	2,927.7	60.2	2.1%
Skamania	3,100	700	22.5%	102.3	14.1	13.8%
Snohomish	341,600	9,610	2.8%	17,253.1	203.2	1.2%
Spokane	280,200	10,110	3.6%	11,807.2	274.7	2.3%
Stevens	16,680	930	5.6%	522.8	14.0	2.7%
Thurston	135,180	3,070	2.3%	5,966.9	69.2	1.2%
Wahkiakum	2,000	70	3.3%	48.4	1.1	2.4%
Walla Walla	35,810	1,280	3.6%	1,367.0	24.4	1.8%
Whatcom	115,450	6,620	5.7%	4,702.4	117.3	2.5%
Whitman	23,880	880	3.7%	909.6	15.2	1.7%
Yakima	127,000	3,410	2.7%	4,852.2	73.1	1.5%
State Total	3,980,060	150,750	3.8%	210,467.8	4,251.2	2.0%

Source: Dean Runyan Associates, Bureau of Economic Analysis and Bureau of Labor Statistics. Total earnings and employment for 2008 estimated by Dean Runyan Associates from earnings and employment data from by the Bureau of Economic Analysis and 2008 payroll data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Retail Sales and Lodging Tax Collections
Total Collections Compared to Visitor-Generated Collections, by County (2008)
(\$000)

	Total Tax Collections (see note)			Percent Visitor-Generated		
	State Sales	Local Sales	Lodging	State Sales	Local Sales & Lodging	Total
Adams	14,410	2,450	120	5.1%	10.6%	6.0%
Asotin	12,840	1,390	170	8.6%	20.3%	10.0%
Benton	168,880	46,830	2,180	5.3%	10.6%	6.6%
Chelan	98,550	22,990	3,530	14.7%	28.9%	18.3%
Clallam	60,970	16,990	1,120	11.7%	19.5%	13.6%
Clark	295,500	63,690	2,500	4.5%	9.0%	5.4%
Columbia	2,410	370	30	10.0%	18.9%	11.4%
Cowlitz	83,340	14,710	710	6.2%	11.8%	7.1%
Douglas	43,590	9,380	140	2.2%	4.1%	2.6%
Ferry	2,890	500	50	17.9%	28.6%	19.9%
Franklin	68,430	15,780	640	5.1%	9.8%	6.0%
Garfield	1,070	160	0	6.1%	7.8%	6.3%
Grant	100,640	20,170	1,130	6.5%	12.8%	7.7%
Grays Harbor	57,240	15,940	1,990	16.3%	28.8%	19.8%
Island	51,230	14,240	560	11.5%	17.0%	12.8%
Jefferson	24,190	6,770	650	17.7%	28.5%	20.7%
King	2,920,920	1,038,650	91,140	5.8%	15.4%	8.6%
Kitsap	216,000	69,650	960	3.9%	6.0%	4.4%
Kittitas	47,840	8,890	670	8.3%	16.6%	9.8%
Klickitat	12,120	1,410	70	8.1%	14.3%	8.9%
Lewis	81,980	16,400	570	7.1%	11.6%	7.9%
Lincoln	5,770	980	20	8.6%	12.2%	9.2%
Mason	35,410	9,850	270	10.1%	14.5%	11.1%
Okanogan	33,480	5,710	790	13.5%	26.6%	15.9%
Pacific	14,940	3,040	740	25.6%	43.9%	30.5%
Pend Oreille	6,820	1,160	60	12.1%	18.7%	13.2%
Pierce	763,080	257,660	6,670	4.3%	7.5%	5.1%
San Juan	24,660	4,670	1,090	22.5%	41.0%	27.0%
Skagit	145,700	31,330	1,130	5.6%	10.1%	6.4%
Skamania	4,640	390	470	38.8%	73.5%	48.4%
Snohomish	701,830	215,680	3,780	4.2%	6.7%	4.8%
Spokane	477,320	117,780	6,470	5.9%	12.0%	7.3%
Stevens	24,140	4,090	110	6.5%	10.2%	7.1%
Thurston	258,950	71,650	1,210	3.6%	6.0%	4.2%
Wahkiakum	1,530	240	10	10.9%	17.2%	11.8%
Walla Walla	49,230	10,270	630	6.6%	13.2%	7.9%
Whatcom	205,130	56,860	1,990	8.2%	13.0%	9.4%
Whitman	32,230	5,970	310	6.5%	12.4%	7.6%
Yakima	191,950	47,270	2,450	5.2%	11.2%	6.5%
State total	7,341,860	2,231,950	137,140	5.9%	12.8%	7.7%

Source: Dean Runyan Associates and Washington State Department of Revenue. Total retail tax collections estimated from taxable sales reported by Department of Revenue and estimated countywide sales tax rates. These estimates will differ from actual retail tax collections. Local amusement taxes included with local sales tax collections. Lodging taxes include all hotel/motel taxes and King County convention center taxes.

Adams County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	13.0	18.2	17.4	22.0	26.0	27.4	29.9
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Direct Spending	13.1	18.3	17.5	22.1	26.1	27.6	30.1
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	5.0	7.9	7.4	10.2	11.6	11.9	13.1
Private Campground	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.4
Public Campground	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Private Home	2.9	4.7	4.7	5.5	6.6	7.2	7.8
Vacation Home	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Day Travel	2.7	3.6	3.4	4.2	5.1	5.4	5.9
Spending at Destination	13.0	18.2	17.4	22.0	26.0	27.4	29.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	1.7	2.4	2.3	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.6
Food & Beverage Services	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.6
Food Stores	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	3.6	6.0	5.5	8.0	11.3	12.5	14.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8
Retail Sales	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	13.0	18.2	17.4	22.0	26.0	27.4	29.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
Retail**	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Direct Earnings	2.7	3.6	3.6	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	170	160	160	210	210	210	230
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	80	50	50	50	50	50	50
Retail**	60	50	50	50	50	50	50
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Total Direct Employment	300	260	260	310	310	310	330
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
State Tax Receipts	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Asotin County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	14.2	21.8	22.2	24.4	26.5	26.6	27.2
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	14.3	22.0	22.2	24.4	26.5	26.6	27.2
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	6.1	10.5	11.3	12.6	13.6	13.5	13.3
Private Campground	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4
Public Campground	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Private Home	2.7	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.7	4.8	5.1
Vacation Home	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Day Travel	3.6	5.2	5.1	5.6	6.0	6.0	6.3
Spending at Destination	14.2	21.8	22.2	24.4	26.5	26.6	27.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.4	4.2	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.2
Food & Beverage Services	4.2	6.5	7.0	7.7	8.2	8.2	8.4
Food Stores	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.9	1.5	1.4	2.1	2.9	3.2	3.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.6	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1
Retail Sales	3.1	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	14.2	21.8	22.2	24.4	26.5	26.6	27.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2.3	3.8	4.1	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.8
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.1	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8
Retail**	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	4.0	6.5	6.7	7.2	7.6	7.5	7.5
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	210	240	250	260	250	240	240
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	110	120	110	120	120	90	100
Retail**	40	50	40	50	50	40	40
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Total Direct Employment	360	410	400	430	410	370	380
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
State Tax Receipts	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.9	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Benton County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	96.7	171.4	186.8	213.8	237.2	259.7	273.6
Other Travel*	2.9	2.7	2.6	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.3
Total Direct Spending	99.6	174.2	189.5	214.6	238.5	261.2	275.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	44.4	90.0	102.1	116.1	124.5	140.0	144.9
Private Campground	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.8
Public Campground	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4
Private Home	22.4	33.5	34.7	40.1	47.4	49.3	53.6
Vacation Home	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Day Travel	27.2	44.5	47.0	54.1	61.4	66.1	70.1
Spending at Destination	96.7	171.4	186.8	213.8	237.2	259.7	273.6
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	11.9	25.8	30.5	33.2	34.8	40.3	42.5
Food & Beverage Services	25.0	45.0	52.3	57.7	60.5	66.5	68.5
Food Stores	4.6	8.2	9.4	10.4	10.6	11.6	12.4
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	22.5	38.3	35.5	50.4	69.0	75.7	84.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	15.0	25.7	28.8	30.8	30.9	32.9	32.9
Retail Sales	17.8	28.4	30.5	31.2	31.4	32.7	32.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	96.7	171.4	186.8	213.8	237.2	259.7	273.6
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	12.4	24.3	29.2	31.6	32.4	36.0	37.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7.1	13.2	14.0	15.0	15.4	16.4	16.4
Retail**	3.7	6.0	6.4	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.5
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	1.4	1.4	1.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7
Total Direct Earnings	25.3	46.3	52.5	55.8	57.5	62.7	64.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,150	1,550	1,620	1,660	1,660	1,790	1,800
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	760	980	900	860	780	910	980
Retail**	310	350	350	360	340	350	330
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	40	60	70	80	80	70	70
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	50	60	50	20	20	20	20
Total Direct Employment	2,320	3,010	2,990	2,970	2,880	3,140	3,200
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.1	2.6	3.3	3.8	4.6	5.1	5.2
State Tax Receipts	6.8	10.8	11.9	13.3	14.2	15.3	15.6
Total Direct Tax Receipts	7.9	13.4	15.2	17.1	18.7	20.4	20.8

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Chelan County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	155.0	246.1	255.4	278.2	314.8	339.7	347.2
Other Travel*	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0
Total Direct Spending	156.1	247.3	256.4	278.9	315.7	340.7	348.1
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	89.4	152.5	161.1	176.8	202.3	221.5	225.5
Private Campground	5.7	7.5	7.0	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.6
Public Campground	7.5	9.6	9.2	9.8	10.7	10.9	11.4
Private Home	8.1	12.4	13.0	13.9	15.2	15.8	16.6
Vacation Home	5.4	6.6	6.8	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.6
Day Travel	38.8	57.4	58.2	62.9	70.4	74.6	76.4
Spending at Destination	155.0	246.1	255.4	278.2	314.8	339.7	347.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	31.5	55.3	59.0	63.2	73.0	81.4	82.5
Food & Beverage Services	45.8	73.6	78.8	86.7	98.3	106.5	109.3
Food Stores	9.3	14.6	15.4	17.0	18.3	19.8	20.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	9.5	16.5	15.3	21.3	28.5	31.2	34.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	28.4	42.3	43.4	46.3	49.9	52.5	52.3
Retail Sales	30.4	43.5	43.1	43.5	46.5	48.0	47.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Spending at Destination	155.0	246.1	255.4	278.2	314.8	339.7	347.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	28.7	48.8	54.0	58.2	65.3	71.0	72.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	13.2	21.3	20.8	22.1	24.5	25.8	25.7
Retail**	5.2	8.3	8.6	9.2	9.8	10.3	10.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Earnings	48.1	80.1	85.0	91.1	101.4	108.9	110.3
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2,430	2,870	2,860	2,970	3,160	3,270	3,320
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,500	1,920	1,870	1,760	1,970	1,900	1,800
Retail**	390	470	430	440	450	460	450
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	30	40	50	50	50	50	50
Air Transportation (visitor only)	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>
Other Travel*	20	30	20	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	4,380	5,330	5,230	5,230	5,650	5,700	5,630
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	2.3	5.0	5.3	5.7	6.7	7.5	7.7
State Tax Receipts	8.5	13.2	13.8	15.0	16.7	18.0	18.2
Total Direct Tax Receipts	10.8	18.2	19.1	20.7	23.5	25.5	25.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Clallam County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	98.7	132.4	137.9	155.5	171.9	180.0	182.4
Other Travel*	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0
Total Direct Spending	99.5	133.1	138.5	156.1	172.8	181.0	183.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	50.6	64.2	67.8	79.1	87.2	90.9	90.1
Private Campground	9.5	15.2	15.0	16.2	18.0	19.6	20.0
Public Campground	5.7	7.3	7.4	8.0	8.9	9.2	9.7
Private Home	13.0	18.5	19.5	21.4	23.8	24.8	26.3
Vacation Home	1.8	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.6	4.7
Day Travel	18.1	23.8	24.4	26.9	29.7	30.9	31.6
Spending at Destination	98.7	132.4	137.9	155.5	171.9	180.0	182.4
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	18.7	26.0	27.8	31.4	35.1	37.7	37.5
Food & Beverage Services	28.1	36.6	39.6	44.5	48.4	50.4	50.6
Food Stores	6.7	9.6	10.3	11.4	11.9	12.6	13.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	8.7	15.0	13.9	19.4	25.9	28.3	31.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	17.8	21.9	22.8	24.8	25.7	26.0	25.4
Retail Sales	18.7	23.2	23.4	24.0	24.8	24.9	24.3
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	98.7	132.4	137.9	155.5	171.9	180.0	182.4
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	17.0	23.0	25.4	28.4	30.7	32.1	32.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7.9	10.6	10.5	11.3	12.1	12.3	12.0
Retail**	3.4	4.7	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Other Travel*	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4
Total Direct Earnings	29.1	39.5	42.0	46.3	49.8	51.6	51.3
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,550	1,570	1,590	1,680	1,690	1,710	1,650
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	940	910	1,040	1,120	1,150	1,110	1,050
Retail**	260	270	260	250	250	250	240
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	20	40	40	40	40	40	40
Air Transportation (visitor only)	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Other Travel*	20	20	10	10	20	20	20
Total Direct Employment	2,800	2,820	2,940	3,110	3,150	3,130	2,990
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.3	2.2	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.5
State Tax Receipts	5.6	7.5	7.8	8.8	9.5	9.9	9.9
Total Direct Tax Receipts	7.0	9.7	10.5	11.8	12.9	13.5	13.4

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Clark County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	144.8	247.8	256.4	293.7	364.0	392.4	414.2
Other Travel*	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.2	6.3	7.1	6.7
Total Direct Spending	150.0	252.8	261.5	298.9	370.3	399.5	420.9
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	47.8	86.5	86.5	96.0	131.3	145.3	150.2
Private Campground	3.5	4.4	4.8	5.4	6.1	6.7	6.9
Public Campground	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Private Home	48.5	82.5	87.8	102.9	118.9	125.3	134.9
Vacation Home	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3
Day Travel	44.2	72.9	75.6	87.4	105.4	112.7	119.7
Spending at Destination	144.8	247.8	256.4	293.7	364.0	392.4	414.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	14.9	27.5	27.1	27.8	40.7	45.1	46.3
Food & Beverage Services	36.1	62.9	69.8	76.7	91.5	99.0	103.1
Food Stores	7.3	13.0	14.5	16.2	18.1	19.6	21.0
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	36.1	61.5	57.1	80.9	110.9	121.6	135.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	21.7	36.6	39.3	42.1	47.6	50.1	50.6
Retail Sales	28.7	46.3	48.6	50.0	55.2	57.0	57.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	144.8	247.8	256.4	293.7	364.0	392.4	414.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	21.6	39.3	43.2	46.1	56.7	61.5	63.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	8.4	15.4	15.7	16.8	19.5	20.5	20.7
Retail**	6.0	9.8	10.4	11.4	12.5	13.0	13.0
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	1.3	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.7	3.9	4.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.6	3.3
Total Direct Earnings	39.9	69.7	74.9	80.2	95.6	102.5	105.0
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,240	1,730	1,890	1,870	2,110	2,230	2,320
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,120	1,270	1,100	900	890	900	900
Retail**	470	540	530	560	590	600	600
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	80	120	140	150	150	150	150
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	110	120	90	80	70	80	80
Total Direct Employment	3,020	3,780	3,760	3,560	3,810	3,950	4,040
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.3	2.8	3.1	3.2	5.5	5.9	5.9
State Tax Receipts	10.4	15.8	16.8	18.8	21.8	23.2	23.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	11.7	18.6	19.9	22.0	27.3	29.1	29.6

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Columbia County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	3.0	5.4	5.5	5.9	6.7	7.8	7.7
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	3.0	5.4	5.5	5.9	6.7	7.8	7.7
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	0.4	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.6	3.4	3.1
Private Campground	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Public Campground	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Private Home	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Vacation Home	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Day Travel	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.9
Spending at Destination	3.0	5.4	5.5	5.9	6.7	7.8	7.7
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.3
Food & Beverage Services	0.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.9
Food Stores	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.6	1.8	2.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Retail Sales	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	3.0	5.4	5.5	5.9	6.7	7.8	7.7
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
Retail**	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	0.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	40	60	70	70	70	80	70
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Retail**	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	70	100	110	100	100	120	100
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
State Tax Receipts	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Cowlitz County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	74.0	95.6	96.4	106.2	122.1	135.8	140.9
Other Travel*	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.9
Total Direct Spending	74.7	96.3	97.0	106.8	122.9	136.8	141.8
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	28.1	34.9	33.3	36.6	42.8	43.8	45.4
Private Campground	7.1	9.4	10.4	11.4	12.9	20.0	20.1
Public Campground	2.2	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.7	3.7	4.0
Private Home	13.3	18.9	19.6	21.9	24.9	25.6	27.2
Vacation Home	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3
Day Travel	22.6	28.8	29.2	32.1	36.6	41.4	43.0
Spending at Destination	74.0	95.6	96.4	106.2	122.1	135.8	140.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	10.5	13.9	13.9	14.7	17.5	19.6	19.7
Food & Beverage Services	21.2	26.7	28.0	30.1	33.5	37.3	38.5
Food Stores	5.0	6.6	7.1	7.7	8.1	9.9	10.4
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	8.0	13.4	12.2	17.9	25.2	27.7	31.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	13.1	15.7	15.9	16.6	17.6	19.2	19.2
Retail Sales	16.3	19.3	19.3	19.2	20.2	22.1	21.9
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	74.0	95.6	96.4	106.2	122.1	135.8	140.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	10.8	14.1	14.9	15.7	17.6	19.4	19.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4.8	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.5
Retail**	3.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.1	5.1
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Total Direct Earnings	18.9	24.7	25.4	26.7	29.5	32.6	33.0
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	960	950	910	930	960	1,030	1,040
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	540	500	450	450	480	530	500
Retail**	240	230	210	220	220	230	230
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Total Direct Employment	1,760	1,700	1,600	1,610	1,680	1,810	1,790
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.7	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.8
State Tax Receipts	4.6	5.7	5.9	6.4	7.1	7.8	7.9
Total Direct Tax Receipts	5.2	6.9	7.1	7.7	8.7	9.6	9.7

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

**Douglas County
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	19.1	25.1	23.9	27.5	34.2	37.4	40.3
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	19.1	25.1	23.9	27.5	34.2	37.4	40.3
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	7.7	7.5	6.5	6.5	8.6	10.2	10.8
Private Campground	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Campground	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.5
Private Home	5.5	9.0	9.3	11.4	13.9	14.7	16.0
Vacation Home	0.6	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.1
Day Travel	3.9	5.4	5.2	6.1	7.6	8.1	8.8
Spending at Destination	19.1	25.1	23.9	27.5	34.2	37.4	40.3
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.5
Food & Beverage Services	4.6	5.5	5.5	5.7	6.5	7.2	7.5
Food Stores	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	5.0	8.3	7.6	11.1	15.6	17.1	19.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.9
Retail Sales	3.3	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.3
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	19.1	25.1	23.9	27.5	34.2	37.4	40.3
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2.5	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.7	3.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6
Retail**	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	4.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	6.0	6.6	6.8
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	230	190	160	150	180	190	200
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	100	60	60	60	70	70	70
Retail**	60	60	50	50	50	50	50
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	390	300	280	270	300	310	320
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
State Tax Receipts	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.8

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Ferry County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	10.1	12.4	12.5	12.3	13.8	14.8	15.4
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	10.1	12.4	12.5	12.3	13.8	14.8	15.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	3.3	4.1	4.5	3.8	4.5	5.1	5.4
Private Campground	1.7	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4
Public Campground	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
Private Home	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7
Vacation Home	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7
Day Travel	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.7
Spending at Destination	10.1	12.4	12.5	12.3	13.8	14.8	15.4
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.3
Food & Beverage Services	2.6	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.1
Food Stores	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.7	1.9	2.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
Retail Sales	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	10.1	12.4	12.5	12.3	13.8	14.8	15.4
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Retail**	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	2.4	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.5
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	190	160	190	150	170	170	170
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	50	50	40	40	40	40	40
Retail**	50	50	40	40	40	40	40
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	290	250	270	230	240	250	240
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
State Tax Receipts	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Franklin County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	48.2	55.2	57.4	64.6	79.2	88.0	93.0
Other Travel*	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.6
Total Direct Spending	50.3	57.1	59.2	66.5	81.6	90.6	95.5
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	24.3	23.4	24.7	26.8	33.4	38.7	40.1
Private Campground	3.0	3.7	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.6
Public Campground	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9
Private Home	6.9	11.3	12.0	14.5	18.0	19.2	21.0
Vacation Home	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Day Travel	12.7	15.1	15.5	17.6	21.5	23.4	24.9
Spending at Destination	48.2	55.2	57.4	64.6	79.2	88.0	93.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	7.6	7.7	8.3	8.7	11.0	13.2	13.6
Food & Beverage Services	13.4	14.6	16.0	17.6	21.5	24.2	25.5
Food Stores	2.7	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.6	5.1	5.5
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	5.8	10.0	9.2	13.0	17.2	18.9	21.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.6	11.2	12.2	12.5
Retail Sales	9.3	10.1	10.4	10.7	12.4	13.2	13.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4
Spending at Destination	48.2	55.2	57.4	64.6	79.2	88.0	93.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	6.9	7.5	8.4	9.0	10.9	12.5	13.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	4.2	4.5	4.6
Retail**	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.8
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Other Travel*	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9
Total Direct Earnings	12.7	14.0	15.2	16.5	19.5	21.6	22.4
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	660	530	500	540	590	640	670
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	410	310	360	300	290	390	360
Retail**	130	110	100	100	120	130	130
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Air Transportation (visitor only)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Other Travel*	30	30	20	20	20	20	20
Total Direct Employment	1,250	1,000	1,010	990	1,050	1,200	1,210
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.6
State Tax Receipts	2.9	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.3
Total Direct Tax Receipts	3.5	4.3	4.5	5.0	6.1	6.7	6.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Garfield County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Private Campground	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Campground	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Private Home	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Vacation Home	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Day Travel	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Spending at Destination	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Food & Beverage Services	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Food Stores	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Retail Sales	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Retail**	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	10	10	10	10	10	10	20
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Retail**	0	10	10	0	10	0	10
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	20	20	20	20	20	20	30
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Grant County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	98.2	133.8	130.7	142.3	168.9	189.0	213.2
Other Travel*	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8
Total Direct Spending	98.7	134.4	131.2	142.7	169.6	189.8	214.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	22.0	53.2	52.2	52.9	65.0	78.2	96.7
Private Campground	34.0	25.4	24.3	27.8	32.1	34.7	34.9
Public Campground	6.9	7.5	6.4	7.3	8.5	8.7	9.0
Private Home	9.7	17.2	17.9	21.0	24.3	25.4	26.9
Vacation Home	2.5	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.5	5.8	6.1
Day Travel	23.0	26.5	25.6	28.4	33.5	36.3	39.7
Spending at Destination	98.2	133.8	130.7	142.3	168.9	189.0	213.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	14.4	23.0	22.7	22.5	26.7	32.6	38.0
Food & Beverage Services	22.9	31.8	32.5	33.1	37.8	42.5	49.1
Food Stores	9.3	9.8	9.9	10.4	11.1	12.3	13.7
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	16.8	28.5	26.0	37.6	52.0	57.1	64.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	15.5	19.4	19.1	18.9	20.5	22.3	24.7
Retail Sales	19.2	21.3	20.4	19.6	20.9	22.1	23.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	98.2	133.8	130.7	142.3	168.9	189.0	213.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	14.3	21.8	22.6	22.5	25.7	29.8	34.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6.7	9.1	8.5	8.4	9.4	10.2	11.3
Retail**	4.5	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.9	6.3	6.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Earnings	25.9	36.9	36.9	37.0	41.6	47.0	53.4
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,240	1,310	1,280	1,200	1,250	1,410	1,580
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	860	690	660	630	660	670	730
Retail**	370	320	300	290	280	300	300
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Air Transportation (visitor only)	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Other Travel*	20	20	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	2,490	2,360	2,260	2,150	2,220	2,410	2,630
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.7
State Tax Receipts	6.2	8.1	8.3	8.9	10.0	11.0	11.8
Total Direct Tax Receipts	7.0	9.9	10.0	10.6	12.0	13.3	14.6

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Grays Harbor County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	119.3	178.2	183.6	205.0	232.3	256.1	268.9
Other Travel*	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.7
Total Direct Spending	119.8	178.7	184.0	205.5	233.0	256.9	269.7
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	55.6	86.5	93.0	105.7	120.6	122.1	137.0
Private Campground	19.2	30.6	29.1	31.7	35.7	52.3	47.2
Public Campground	4.7	6.5	5.6	6.1	6.9	6.9	7.3
Private Home	15.7	20.4	21.3	23.3	26.0	26.6	27.9
Vacation Home	4.5	6.4	6.6	7.1	7.8	8.1	8.4
Day Travel	19.5	27.8	28.0	31.0	35.3	40.1	41.1
Spending at Destination	119.3	178.2	183.6	205.0	232.3	256.1	268.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	24.8	39.8	40.4	43.1	46.9	51.7	53.7
Food & Beverage Services	31.3	46.3	50.8	56.5	63.5	69.6	73.9
Food Stores	8.7	13.3	14.0	15.3	16.2	19.8	20.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	13.3	22.3	20.6	29.7	41.5	45.6	51.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	20.0	27.8	29.2	31.4	33.6	36.1	36.9
Retail Sales	21.2	28.6	28.6	29.0	30.7	33.4	33.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	119.3	178.2	183.6	205.0	232.3	256.1	268.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	22.4	34.9	38.1	41.3	45.1	48.8	51.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	10.9	16.5	16.4	17.6	19.4	20.8	21.3
Retail**	4.5	6.6	6.8	7.4	7.8	8.7	8.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Earnings	38.3	58.8	62.1	67.1	73.2	79.4	82.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,780	1,850	1,960	2,080	2,130	2,290	2,350
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,560	1,510	1,570	1,750	1,980	2,080	2,080
Retail**	310	370	350	350	360	390	370
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	20	20	30	30	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	20	20	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	3,690	3,770	3,910	4,220	4,510	4,790	4,850
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.7	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.2
State Tax Receipts	6.8	9.6	10.1	11.2	12.3	13.5	13.9
Total Direct Tax Receipts	8.5	12.8	13.9	15.3	16.9	18.4	19.0

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Island County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	78.9	105.5	108.1	115.4	125.8	129.1	134.5
Other Travel*	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8
Total Direct Spending	79.4	106.0	108.6	115.9	126.6	129.9	135.3
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	27.9	36.5	36.8	39.3	42.8	43.6	46.2
Private Campground	1.5	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.0
Public Campground	3.9	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.8	6.0	6.2
Private Home	12.9	19.0	20.7	22.5	24.7	25.5	26.3
Vacation Home	5.8	7.2	7.5	8.1	8.9	9.3	9.5
Day Travel	26.7	34.9	35.7	37.6	40.8	41.7	43.2
Spending at Destination	78.9	105.5	108.1	115.4	125.8	129.1	134.5
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	11.5	15.9	16.2	17.3	19.4	20.4	21.4
Food & Beverage Services	23.8	31.8	33.7	36.2	39.8	40.9	43.1
Food Stores	5.5	7.8	8.3	9.0	9.5	9.9	10.6
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	3.7	6.5	6.1	8.2	10.4	11.3	12.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	14.8	18.7	19.2	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.4
Retail Sales	19.7	24.7	24.6	24.6	25.7	25.5	25.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	78.9	105.5	108.1	115.4	125.8	129.1	134.5
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	13.1	18.1	19.4	20.5	22.3	23.0	24.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	8.3	11.5	11.2	11.6	12.5	12.5	12.7
Retail**	3.6	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.1
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Earnings	25.6	35.6	36.7	38.6	41.8	42.6	44.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,170	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,170	1,120	1,140
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,370	1,230	1,020	970	970	920	1,000
Retail**	290	290	280	270	270	270	270
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	20	20	20	30	30	20	30
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	20	20	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	2,860	2,710	2,480	2,420	2,440	2,340	2,450
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.0	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
State Tax Receipts	4.3	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.8	7.0	7.2
Total Direct Tax Receipts	5.3	7.4	7.9	8.4	9.2	9.4	9.7

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Jefferson County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	63.2	85.6	87.1	98.2	98.6	102.6	102.4
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	63.4	85.8	87.3	98.4	98.6	102.6	102.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	35.8	48.8	46.8	55.0	52.2	54.8	53.2
Private Campground	1.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.5
Public Campground	7.0	9.1	11.3	11.8	12.9	13.3	13.8
Private Home	4.3	6.7	7.2	7.8	8.6	8.9	9.3
Vacation Home	3.3	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.0	5.2
Day Travel	11.0	14.4	15.0	16.4	16.8	17.3	17.4
Spending at Destination	63.2	85.6	87.1	98.2	98.6	102.6	102.4
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	14.1	20.4	20.5	23.6	23.6	25.4	24.9
Food & Beverage Services	18.8	25.6	26.5	30.3	30.2	31.4	31.4
Food Stores	4.3	6.1	6.7	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.2
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	1.9	3.2	3.0	4.3	5.9	6.5	7.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	12.0	15.2	15.3	16.9	16.1	16.3	15.8
Retail Sales	12.1	15.1	15.1	15.7	15.3	15.3	14.9
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	63.2	85.6	87.1	98.2	98.6	102.6	102.4
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	10.6	15.1	15.9	18.1	17.7	18.5	18.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4.8	6.6	6.3	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.7
Retail**	2.2	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	17.8	25.0	25.7	28.8	28.1	29.1	28.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,020	1,050	1,100	1,130	990	1,040	1,020
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	560	540	470	500	440	430	390
Retail**	200	190	180	190	180	170	160
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	1,800	1,800	1,760	1,830	1,620	1,640	1,580
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.9	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1
State Tax Receipts	3.3	4.4	4.5	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.2
Total Direct Tax Receipts	4.2	6.0	6.3	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

King County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Other Travel*	1,058	1,449	1,347	1,414	1,743	1,841	1,866
Total Direct Spending	3,303	5,297	5,058	5,625	6,848	7,335	7,511
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	1,227	2,310	2,194	2,534	3,134	3,412	3,467
Private Campground	13	20	19	21	24	24	25
Public Campground	2	3	3	4	4	4	4
Private Home	679	1,008	986	1,066	1,254	1,324	1,385
Vacation Home	7	13	14	16	17	18	19
Day Travel	317	494	495	570	671	711	744
Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	405	804	734	813	1,071	1,198	1,209
Food & Beverage Services	442	756	797	910	1,060	1,134	1,163
Food Stores	70	117	124	141	154	165	175
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	379	679	639	851	1,067	1,159	1,265
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	226	363	371	409	449	466	465
Retail Sales	320	492	487	512	559	573	566
Air Transportation (visitor only)	402	636	560	575	743	798	802
Spending at Destination	2,245	3,848	3,711	4,211	5,105	5,494	5,645
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	300	556	568	636	770	833	847
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	132	231	224	245	278	288	288
Retail**	56	90	92	103	111	115	114
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	32	64	67	76	82	85	87
Air Transportation (visitor only)	136	215	241	270	255	263	249
Other Travel*	411	540	601	675	662	676	656
Total Direct Earnings	1,067	1,697	1,793	2,004	2,158	2,260	2,242
Industry Employment Generated by Visitor Spending (Thousand Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	17.0	19.9	20.9	22.1	25.1	26.2	26.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6.3	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.9
Retail**	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.0	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	3.1	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.3	3.4
Other Travel*	8.7	10.6	9.6	9.6	9.2	9.1	9.3
Total Direct Employment	40.2	48.3	48.1	49.9	52.1	53.1	53.4
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	46	128	124	138	166	184	186
State Tax Receipts	115	189	190	217	247	263	267
Total Direct Tax Receipts	162	317	313	355	414	447	453

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Kitsap County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	131.1	174.8	188.7	215.1	249.0	255.8	269.9
Other Travel*	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.4	2.7	3.0	2.9
Total Direct Spending	133.0	176.5	190.5	216.5	251.7	258.8	272.8
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	49.8	52.6	64.4	73.7	87.8	87.8	91.3
Private Campground	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Public Campground	1.8	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.6	3.8	4.0
Private Home	50.5	79.4	80.1	91.3	103.8	108.6	115.9
Vacation Home	2.8	3.8	3.9	4.4	4.8	5.0	5.2
Day Travel	26.1	35.7	37.1	42.3	48.6	50.1	53.0
Spending at Destination	131.1	174.8	188.7	215.1	249.0	255.8	269.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	16.7	17.8	21.1	22.5	27.2	27.6	29.2
Food & Beverage Services	35.1	44.7	51.9	56.9	62.6	63.0	65.1
Food Stores	7.1	10.0	11.2	12.4	12.9	13.2	14.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	24.9	42.7	39.7	55.9	76.1	83.3	93.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	21.3	26.8	30.0	32.0	33.4	32.8	32.9
Retail Sales	25.9	32.9	34.8	35.6	36.8	35.9	35.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	131.1	174.8	188.7	215.1	249.0	255.8	269.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	17.4	21.5	25.7	27.6	30.7	30.8	32.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	11.1	15.1	16.0	17.0	18.3	17.9	18.0
Retail**	5.0	6.9	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.2	8.2
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	1.1	2.2	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.3
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.5	1.4
Total Direct Earnings	35.4	46.6	52.4	55.9	61.6	61.6	62.9
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,610	1,350	1,500	1,480	1,590	1,560	1,590
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	980	960	1,060	1,030	1,060	1,070	1,040
Retail**	390	390	380	390	390	380	370
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	70	100	110	120	120	120	120
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	60	70	50	30	50	50	50
Total Direct Employment	3,100	2,870	3,100	3,050	3,210	3,170	3,170
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.5	2.4	3.3	3.7	4.1	4.1	4.2
State Tax Receipts	8.6	11.0	12.0	13.4	14.8	15.1	15.3
Total Direct Tax Receipts	10.1	13.4	15.3	17.1	18.8	19.2	19.6

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Kittitas County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	55.0	77.6	78.6	88.8	112.2	122.1	133.8
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	55.3	77.9	78.9	88.8	112.2	122.1	133.8
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	24.4	35.1	36.9	39.9	54.2	60.4	67.9
Private Campground	5.8	8.0	7.3	8.5	9.9	10.8	11.3
Public Campground	4.0	6.0	5.8	6.8	8.0	8.2	8.8
Private Home	5.4	8.5	8.8	10.6	12.4	13.0	14.2
Vacation Home	4.5	4.9	5.0	5.8	6.6	6.9	7.4
Day Travel	10.9	15.1	14.9	17.2	21.1	22.7	24.2
Spending at Destination	55.0	77.6	78.6	88.8	112.2	122.1	133.8
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	9.3	13.5	14.3	14.8	19.5	22.0	26.7
Food & Beverage Services	12.8	17.4	18.8	19.7	23.9	25.9	27.0
Food Stores	3.5	4.8	5.0	5.4	6.0	6.5	6.9
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	12.1	20.2	18.4	26.9	37.9	41.8	47.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	8.3	10.5	10.9	11.1	12.7	13.4	13.6
Retail Sales	9.0	11.2	11.1	10.9	12.1	12.5	12.5
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	55.0	77.6	78.6	88.8	112.2	122.1	133.8
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	7.9	11.3	12.5	12.8	15.9	17.5	19.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4.7	6.5	6.4	6.5	7.7	8.1	8.2
Retail**	2.4	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.0
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	15.2	21.3	22.3	22.8	27.4	29.6	31.8
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	760	720	790	760	850	920	970
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,210	1,390	520	530	490	480	430
Retail**	190	190	180	180	180	170	170
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	2,170	2,310	1,500	1,470	1,520	1,570	1,570
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.6
State Tax Receipts	3.9	5.1	5.4	5.9	6.9	7.4	7.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	4.4	5.9	6.3	6.9	8.2	8.8	9.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Klickitat County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	16.7	21.6	23.5	24.3	27.4	29.9	31.8
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	16.7	21.6	23.5	24.3	27.4	29.9	31.8
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	5.5	6.1	7.7	6.7	7.1	8.4	9.2
Private Campground	2.7	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.1	5.6	5.7
Public Campground	1.8	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.1
Private Home	2.8	4.1	4.1	4.7	5.5	5.7	6.1
Vacation Home	0.7	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7
Day Travel	3.2	4.1	4.3	4.5	5.2	5.5	5.8
Spending at Destination	16.7	21.6	23.5	24.3	27.4	29.9	31.8
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.7	3.5	4.1	3.8	4.1	4.8	5.0
Food & Beverage Services	4.3	5.3	6.2	6.0	6.4	7.0	7.4
Food Stores	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	2.2	3.7	3.4	5.0	7.0	7.7	8.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.8	3.3	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9
Retail Sales	3.3	3.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	16.7	21.6	23.5	24.3	27.4	29.9	31.8
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2.3	2.9	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8
Retail**	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	4.3	5.5	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.9	7.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	250	240	240	240	240	270	280
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	200	150	110	110	110	110	120
Retail**	90	80	80	80	80	80	80
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	540	470	430	440	430	470	470
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
State Tax Receipts	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

**Lewis County
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	84.5	117.8	124.4	140.5	168.5	179.3	192.2
Other Travel*	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7
Total Direct Spending	85.0	118.2	124.8	141.0	169.1	180.0	192.8
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	17.0	26.0	29.4	32.3	41.8	43.9	49.2
Private Campground	18.2	24.5	26.2	30.0	34.7	38.1	39.4
Public Campground	5.9	7.8	7.7	8.9	10.3	10.7	11.4
Private Home	11.4	17.0	17.0	19.6	22.7	24.0	25.6
Vacation Home	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.9	4.4	4.6	4.8
Day Travel	29.1	38.9	40.6	45.9	54.6	58.0	61.7
Spending at Destination	84.5	117.8	124.4	140.5	168.5	179.3	192.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	10.1	14.8	16.2	16.8	19.8	21.3	22.5
Food & Beverage Services	19.1	25.5	29.4	31.1	35.8	37.7	40.0
Food Stores	6.5	8.7	9.8	10.5	11.3	12.1	12.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	19.1	32.3	29.6	42.7	59.0	64.9	72.8
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	12.4	15.6	17.2	17.7	19.3	19.8	20.3
Retail Sales	17.3	21.0	22.2	21.8	23.3	23.6	23.8
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	84.5	117.8	124.4	140.5	168.5	179.3	192.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	9.5	13.3	15.4	16.0	18.4	19.3	20.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6.0	8.2	8.6	8.8	9.9	10.1	10.4
Retail**	3.9	5.2	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.4	6.5
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3
Total Direct Earnings	19.8	27.4	30.2	31.4	35.4	36.9	38.4
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,000	980	980	950	1,020	1,040	1,070
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	870	940	580	560	660	640	660
Retail**	300	290	300	300	310	310	300
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	20	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	2,200	2,240	1,890	1,840	2,020	2,010	2,060
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.7	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.0
State Tax Receipts	6.1	8.0	8.6	9.5	10.7	11.2	11.5
Total Direct Tax Receipts	6.8	9.2	10.1	11.0	12.4	13.1	13.5

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Lincoln County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	7.2	11.0	11.0	12.8	16.0	16.7	18.9
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	7.2	11.0	11.0	12.8	16.0	16.7	18.9
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.7	1.2	2.7
Private Campground	2.5	3.3	3.2	3.8	4.5	5.0	5.1
Public Campground	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Private Home	1.9	2.7	2.7	3.2	3.7	4.0	4.2
Vacation Home	0.8	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.4
Day Travel	1.9	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.9	4.1	4.5
Spending at Destination	7.2	11.0	11.0	12.8	16.0	16.7	18.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	0.7	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	2.1
Food & Beverage Services	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.8	3.2
Food Stores	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	2.2	3.6	3.3	4.8	6.8	7.5	8.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8
Retail Sales	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	7.2	11.0	11.0	12.8	16.0	16.7	18.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	0.9	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8
Retail**	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	1.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.6	3.5	4.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	90	100	70	70	80	80	100
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	40	70	50	50	50	40	50
Retail**	50	50	40	40	50	50	50
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	180	210	160	160	170	170	190
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
State Tax Receipts	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Mason County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	46.7	60.7	61.6	70.2	84.9	89.6	92.8
Other Travel*	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6
Total Direct Spending	47.1	61.1	62.0	70.5	85.4	90.2	93.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	8.0	10.9	11.4	14.9	22.6	24.1	23.0
Private Campground	3.2	5.2	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.2	7.3
Public Campground	3.0	3.8	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.3
Private Home	9.3	15.2	16.0	17.7	19.7	20.8	22.1
Vacation Home	12.7	12.5	12.6	13.8	15.4	16.4	17.1
Day Travel	10.4	13.1	13.2	14.6	17.1	17.9	18.9
Spending at Destination	46.7	60.7	61.6	70.2	84.9	89.6	92.8
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	7.7	9.4	9.4	10.8	14.0	15.2	15.1
Food & Beverage Services	11.1	14.6	15.6	17.7	21.7	22.9	23.6
Food Stores	4.2	5.4	5.7	6.3	7.0	7.5	8.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	5.2	9.2	8.5	11.7	15.4	16.8	18.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7.7	9.4	9.7	10.6	12.3	12.6	12.6
Retail Sales	10.8	12.7	12.7	13.0	14.4	14.6	14.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	46.7	60.7	61.6	70.2	84.9	89.6	92.8
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	6.7	9.0	9.6	10.8	13.6	14.4	14.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.2	6.9	6.8	7.4	8.8	9.0	9.0
Retail**	2.1	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Direct Earnings	14.5	19.4	20.0	22.1	26.7	27.9	28.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	560	640	560	610	660	680	680
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	330	400	370	400	450	430	450
Retail**	180	160	150	160	170	170	170
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	1,100	1,250	1,110	1,200	1,310	1,310	1,320
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.4	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5
State Tax Receipts	2.7	3.6	3.7	4.2	4.9	5.1	5.2
Total Direct Tax Receipts	3.2	4.4	4.7	5.3	6.2	6.6	6.6

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Okanogan County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	69.4	108.4	101.1	114.9	127.8	135.1	141.2
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4
Total Direct Spending	69.7	108.7	101.3	115.2	128.3	135.6	141.7
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	30.6	54.2	48.6	56.6	61.3	64.2	66.9
Private Campground	12.6	16.9	16.0	17.7	20.5	22.4	23.2
Public Campground	6.3	7.7	7.0	7.8	9.0	9.4	10.0
Private Home	5.1	7.5	7.8	8.7	10.1	10.6	11.4
Vacation Home	4.0	6.8	7.3	8.0	8.8	9.3	9.7
Day Travel	10.7	15.3	14.4	16.1	18.2	19.2	20.1
Spending at Destination	69.4	108.4	101.1	114.9	127.8	135.1	141.2
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	13.3	23.4	21.7	23.8	25.9	27.8	28.4
Food & Beverage Services	16.6	26.0	24.7	27.4	29.1	30.4	31.4
Food Stores	5.4	8.1	8.0	8.7	9.0	9.5	10.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	10.5	17.9	16.4	23.4	31.9	35.1	39.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	11.5	16.5	15.3	16.3	16.6	16.8	16.9
Retail Sales	12.0	16.5	15.1	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	69.4	108.4	101.1	114.9	127.8	135.1	141.2
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	12.0	20.1	19.4	21.3	22.5	23.6	24.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6.1	9.6	8.4	8.9	9.3	9.5	9.5
Retail**	3.0	4.5	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total Direct Earnings	21.5	34.7	32.6	35.5	37.2	38.6	39.3
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,000	1,180	1,070	1,090	1,050	1,030	1,020
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	480	530	470	420	480	410	400
Retail**	250	290	250	260	240	230	220
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	1,750	2,030	1,810	1,790	1,790	1,700	1,670
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.7	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7
State Tax Receipts	4.1	6.2	6.0	6.7	7.3	7.6	7.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	4.8	7.7	7.4	8.2	8.8	9.3	9.5

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

**Pacific County
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	62.2	87.6	91.3	97.5	106.9	111.8	116.5
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	62.4	87.9	91.5	97.5	106.9	111.8	116.5
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	22.1	28.8	33.2	35.9	39.7	40.7	44.1
Private Campground	17.2	27.2	26.1	27.7	30.4	33.0	33.3
Public Campground	3.3	4.7	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.3	5.6
Private Home	3.5	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.7	5.9	6.0
Vacation Home	7.2	10.0	10.4	11.1	11.9	12.4	12.6
Day Travel	8.8	12.1	12.2	12.8	14.0	14.5	15.0
Spending at Destination	62.2	87.6	91.3	97.5	106.9	111.8	116.5
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	13.6	20.8	22.1	23.6	25.5	27.3	28.3
Food & Beverage Services	15.7	21.6	23.6	25.3	28.1	29.2	30.8
Food Stores	6.4	9.7	10.1	10.8	11.3	12.1	12.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	3.0	5.0	4.6	6.6	9.2	10.1	11.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	11.2	14.5	15.1	15.7	16.5	16.7	17.0
Retail Sales	12.3	16.0	15.8	15.6	16.2	16.4	16.3
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	62.2	87.6	91.3	97.5	106.9	111.8	116.5
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	9.2	13.4	14.9	15.8	17.1	17.8	18.8
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4.5	6.4	6.3	6.5	7.0	7.1	7.3
Retail**	2.8	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.0
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	16.7	24.1	25.7	26.9	29.0	30.0	31.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	970	1,030	1,090	1,110	1,100	1,140	1,130
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	580	500	560	600	570	560	630
Retail**	250	270	250	250	260	250	250
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	10	10	10	10	10	10
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	1,820	1,820	1,920	1,980	1,940	1,960	2,010
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7
State Tax Receipts	2.7	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.7	4.9	5.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	3.3	5.0	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.5	6.7

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Pend Oreille County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	12.6	18.2	18.3	19.2	21.5	22.5	24.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	12.6	18.2	18.3	19.2	21.5	22.5	24.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	0.6	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.4
Private Campground	3.4	4.2	4.3	4.6	5.5	6.0	6.0
Public Campground	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Private Home	1.4	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.0
Vacation Home	2.6	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.2
Day Travel	3.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.7
Spending at Destination	12.6	18.2	18.3	19.2	21.5	22.5	24.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.0	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.9	4.1	4.4
Food & Beverage Services	3.0	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.5	5.7	6.2
Food Stores	1.5	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.7	2.4	2.6	2.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4
Retail Sales	3.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	12.6	18.2	18.3	19.2	21.5	22.5	24.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Retail**	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	3.1	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.4	5.6	6.0
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	160	200	180	180	170	180	200
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	80	80	80	70	70	70	70
Retail**	50	70	60	60	60	70	70
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	300	350	320	310	310	320	340
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
State Tax Receipts	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

**Pierce County
Travel Impacts, 1991-2008**

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	410.6	634.1	636.9	721.9	842.7	881.9	942.3
Other Travel*	12.5	12.0	7.3	7.2	10.1	11.4	10.7
Total Direct Spending	423.1	646.0	644.2	729.1	852.8	893.4	953.1
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	133.3	229.6	216.6	247.8	299.5	311.8	337.4
Private Campground	5.1	7.9	7.8	8.6	9.7	10.6	10.8
Public Campground	6.1	7.3	7.3	8.1	9.2	9.5	10.0
Private Home	147.9	217.8	231.6	262.5	299.6	315.5	335.2
Vacation Home	5.1	6.4	6.7	7.4	8.3	8.8	9.2
Day Travel	113.1	165.0	166.9	187.5	216.5	225.8	239.8
Spending at Destination	410.6	634.1	636.9	721.9	842.7	881.9	942.3
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	41.7	73.2	69.5	78.2	97.2	104.8	116.1
Food & Beverage Services	116.8	178.8	188.0	206.5	233.4	242.1	256.1
Food Stores	24.1	37.5	39.9	44.1	47.4	49.8	53.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	65.6	111.7	103.8	147.0	201.7	221.0	247.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	70.6	104.8	106.9	114.3	122.8	123.9	127.1
Retail Sales	91.7	128.1	128.8	131.9	140.3	140.3	142.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	410.6	634.1	636.9	721.9	842.7	881.9	942.3
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	52.3	84.4	88.3	96.4	110.1	114.8	123.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	34.0	54.8	53.0	56.4	62.4	63.0	64.6
Retail**	16.7	25.2	26.0	28.3	30.0	30.5	31.0
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.4	5.1	5.7	6.3	7.1	7.4	7.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	6.3	6.0	3.7	3.6	5.0	5.7	5.4
Total Direct Earnings	111.7	175.5	176.7	191.0	214.6	221.3	231.6
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	4,560	4,980	4,910	4,920	5,450	5,550	5,760
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4,120	4,110	3,660	3,980	3,700	3,680	3,800
Retail**	1,200	1,260	1,220	1,250	1,290	1,270	1,280
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	150	230	260	290	280	280	280
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	290	320	170	130	140	150	150
Total Direct Employment	10,330	10,910	10,220	10,570	10,870	10,940	11,270
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	5.3	12.8	14.2	15.3	17.8	18.7	20.0
State Tax Receipts	26.4	37.8	38.9	43.2	48.4	50.3	52.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	31.7	50.6	53.1	58.6	66.3	69.0	72.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

San Juan County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	52.3	105.5	110.5	116.0	121.1	127.1	129.7
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total Direct Spending	52.4	105.6	110.6	116.1	121.3	127.3	129.9
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	32.9	68.7	72.1	75.4	78.0	82.3	83.8
Private Campground	1.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.1
Public Campground	1.8	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.6
Private Home	2.2	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.0
Vacation Home	2.6	6.5	7.3	7.9	8.5	8.8	9.1
Day Travel	11.2	21.2	21.9	22.9	23.9	24.7	25.2
Spending at Destination	52.3	105.5	110.5	116.0	121.1	127.1	129.7
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	11.8	26.4	28.2	29.6	31.6	34.2	34.8
Food & Beverage Services	15.7	32.1	34.4	36.4	37.7	39.5	40.4
Food Stores	3.0	6.4	6.9	7.4	7.5	7.9	8.3
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	2.3	3.8	3.5	5.1	7.2	7.9	8.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	9.7	18.5	19.1	19.6	19.4	19.7	19.6
Retail Sales	9.8	18.2	18.3	17.9	17.8	17.8	17.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	52.3	105.5	110.5	116.0	121.1	127.1	129.7
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	10.2	22.2	24.5	25.4	26.2	27.6	28.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4.7	9.7	9.5	9.7	9.9	10.1	10.0
Retail**	1.9	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total Direct Earnings	16.9	35.9	38.2	39.5	40.5	42.2	42.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	800	1,110	1,170	1,130	1,080	1,090	1,100
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	250	710	600	570	530	520	490
Retail**	150	210	190	180	160	160	150
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	1,210	2,040	1,970	1,890	1,780	1,780	1,740
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.6	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
State Tax Receipts	2.9	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.3	6.6	6.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	3.5	7.0	7.5	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Skagit County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	118.9	173.5	166.9	194.4	233.6	254.0	267.0
Other Travel*	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.0
Total Direct Spending	119.6	174.2	167.4	195.0	234.6	255.1	268.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	44.3	65.5	60.5	71.4	88.4	99.0	102.1
Private Campground	16.1	22.0	20.5	23.3	27.1	29.5	30.7
Public Campground	3.4	4.4	4.5	5.1	6.0	6.1	6.6
Private Home	15.4	25.0	26.3	30.8	36.2	38.1	41.4
Vacation Home	3.5	5.2	5.5	6.3	7.1	7.5	8.0
Day Travel	36.3	51.4	49.6	57.5	68.8	73.8	78.2
Spending at Destination	118.9	173.5	166.9	194.4	233.6	254.0	267.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	16.3	24.8	23.7	26.5	32.1	36.6	37.2
Food & Beverage Services	29.1	41.3	41.4	45.6	52.3	56.7	58.2
Food Stores	7.5	10.8	11.0	12.1	13.0	14.1	14.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	25.3	42.7	39.1	56.4	78.2	86.0	96.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	18.3	24.4	23.6	25.3	27.5	28.9	28.8
Retail Sales	22.5	29.6	28.1	28.5	30.6	31.7	31.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	118.9	173.5	166.9	194.4	233.6	254.0	267.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	18.1	26.9	27.1	29.7	34.3	37.7	38.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7.1	10.4	9.5	10.1	11.3	12.0	11.9
Retail**	5.0	7.1	6.9	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total Direct Earnings	31.0	45.3	44.6	48.5	55.0	59.4	60.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,520	1,520	1,340	1,380	1,470	1,530	1,550
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	840	910	960	900	1,010	1,070	1,130
Retail**	370	370	330	340	360	380	360
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	20	30	30	30	30	30	30
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	20	20	20	10	10	20	20
Total Direct Employment	2,770	2,850	2,670	2,670	2,890	3,030	3,080
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.1	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.3
State Tax Receipts	8.4	11.4	11.5	12.9	14.6	15.6	15.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	9.5	13.6	13.6	15.4	17.5	18.8	19.0

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Skamania County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	11.3	39.6	37.5	51.4	55.9	58.7	53.6
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	11.3	39.6	37.5	51.4	55.9	58.7	53.6
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	2.2	25.6	23.0	34.9	38.1	40.2	35.4
Private Campground	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2
Public Campground	2.8	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.2
Private Home	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2
Vacation Home	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7
Day Travel	2.7	6.1	6.0	7.7	8.2	8.5	8.0
Spending at Destination	11.3	39.6	37.5	51.4	55.9	58.7	53.6
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.0	11.2	10.0	13.9	15.7	17.0	15.3
Food & Beverage Services	3.1	11.9	11.7	16.8	18.4	19.3	17.7
Food Stores	1.2	2.7	2.8	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.9
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.9	8.7	8.3	11.2	11.7	12.0	10.8
Retail Sales	1.9	4.7	4.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	11.3	39.6	37.5	51.4	55.9	58.7	53.6
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1.2	5.9	5.7	8.0	8.7	9.2	8.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.1	3.7	3.3	4.5	4.8	4.9	4.4
Retail**	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	2.7	10.5	10.0	13.8	14.9	15.6	14.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	120	410	330	430	450	450	390
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	110	200	170	230	220	250	250
Retail**	40	80	60	80	70	70	60
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	270	690	560	740	740	760	700
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6
State Tax Receipts	0.4	1.5	1.4	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.4	1.9	1.8	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.7

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Snohomish County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	336.8	570.6	575.4	672.9	823.4	881.7	911.6
Other Travel*	14.2	13.5	13.8	8.0	11.6	13.2	12.4
Total Direct Spending	351.0	584.2	589.2	681.0	835.1	894.9	924.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	90.1	196.2	189.1	228.0	303.3	331.4	325.8
Private Campground	9.1	11.9	10.9	12.2	13.9	15.2	15.7
Public Campground	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.8	4.4	4.5	4.9
Private Home	130.4	203.1	213.8	245.9	283.9	299.8	323.3
Vacation Home	8.3	6.0	5.9	6.6	7.5	7.9	8.3
Day Travel	95.8	149.9	152.3	176.3	210.5	223.0	233.6
Spending at Destination	336.8	570.6	575.4	672.9	823.4	881.7	911.6
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	31.4	66.0	59.9	69.1	96.5	110.0	108.5
Food & Beverage Services	86.9	149.3	161.0	181.4	213.6	226.9	229.6
Food Stores	19.3	32.0	34.5	38.8	42.9	46.0	48.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	75.0	127.1	117.7	167.9	231.9	254.4	285.0
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	52.8	87.7	91.6	100.3	112.1	115.8	113.8
Retail Sales	71.4	108.6	110.8	115.5	126.3	128.6	126.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	336.8	570.6	575.4	672.9	823.4	881.7	911.6
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	39.5	74.1	78.2	87.1	106.1	114.5	114.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	20.5	37.1	36.8	40.1	46.2	47.7	46.9
Retail**	14.1	22.3	23.2	25.6	27.8	28.7	28.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.2	4.6	5.2	5.7	6.4	6.7	6.9
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	7.1	6.8	6.9	4.0	5.8	6.6	6.2
Total Direct Earnings	83.4	144.9	150.2	162.5	192.3	204.1	203.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	3,280	4,260	4,210	4,440	4,960	5,170	5,150
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,920	2,310	2,420	2,430	2,690	2,850	2,870
Retail**	920	1,140	1,100	1,170	1,210	1,200	1,190
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	140	210	240	260	260	250	250
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	280	310	240	130	140	150	140
Total Direct Employment	6,540	8,230	8,210	8,430	9,260	9,620	9,610
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	4.2	8.5	9.1	11.2	13.7	14.8	14.7
State Tax Receipts	23.6	35.7	37.2	42.1	48.6	51.5	51.6
Total Direct Tax Receipts	27.8	44.2	46.3	53.3	62.4	66.3	66.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Spokane County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	378.7	540.3	539.8	651.6	739.8	805.4	832.5
Other Travel*	29.3	34.0	28.8	34.8	48.6	54.3	52.2
Total Direct Spending	408.1	574.4	568.5	686.4	788.3	859.7	884.7
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	192.5	275.9	273.1	348.7	390.2	434.9	439.4
Private Campground	8.4	10.8	9.1	10.0	11.5	12.5	12.9
Public Campground	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3
Private Home	97.5	143.9	148.3	164.1	190.9	200.6	215.5
Vacation Home	2.1	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.7
Day Travel	77.0	105.9	105.6	124.9	142.7	152.6	159.7
Spending at Destination	378.7	540.3	539.8	651.6	739.8	805.4	832.5
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	57.8	84.7	83.8	103.1	117.1	135.9	136.4
Food & Beverage Services	102.6	141.2	148.9	177.0	191.7	208.0	211.6
Food Stores	19.0	27.2	28.5	33.4	34.7	37.8	39.6
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	62.4	106.8	98.8	139.5	189.1	207.2	231.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	62.2	82.0	83.6	96.1	99.2	104.5	103.3
Retail Sales	68.7	88.2	87.7	94.4	97.5	100.8	99.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	6.1	10.2	8.4	8.2	10.4	11.1	11.1
Spending at Destination	378.7	540.3	539.8	651.6	739.8	805.4	832.5
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	60.0	86.7	92.2	109.5	118.2	130.6	132.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	47.3	67.9	65.8	75.3	80.0	84.3	83.2
Retail**	13.7	19.3	19.6	22.4	23.1	24.1	23.9
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	2.1	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.8	6.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	2.1	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.4	4.9	4.6
Other Travel*	13.5	14.9	13.6	17.1	23.2	26.2	24.8
Total Direct Earnings	138.6	196.6	199.5	233.2	254.4	275.9	274.7
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	4,540	4,460	4,370	4,860	4,970	5,290	5,170
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	3,560	3,080	2,920	2,930	3,170	3,070	3,220
Retail**	940	970	920	980	970	970	930
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	130	190	200	220	220	210	210
Air Transportation (visitor only)	80	110	100	90	110	110	120
Other Travel*	410	480	350	400	430	460	460
Total Direct Employment	9,660	9,290	8,860	9,470	9,860	10,110	10,110
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	6.2	8.8	8.8	11.3	13.6	15.0	15.1
State Tax Receipts	24.0	32.8	33.8	39.7	43.2	46.5	46.8
Total Direct Tax Receipts	30.1	41.6	42.7	50.9	56.8	61.6	61.9

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Stevens County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	30.3	38.1	39.2	43.0	49.4	51.9	52.7
Other Travel*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Direct Spending	30.5	38.3	39.5	43.2	49.8	52.3	53.1
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	4.7	5.4	8.1	8.8	10.9	10.9	10.0
Private Campground	7.9	10.3	8.7	9.5	10.8	11.8	12.1
Public Campground	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Private Home	5.0	8.1	8.4	9.4	10.6	11.1	11.8
Vacation Home	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.6
Day Travel	8.3	10.3	10.1	11.0	12.5	13.1	13.5
Spending at Destination	30.3	38.1	39.2	43.0	49.4	51.9	52.7
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	4.4	5.4	5.8	6.1	7.1	7.5	7.2
Food & Beverage Services	7.5	9.4	10.4	11.1	12.4	12.9	12.9
Food Stores	3.0	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.7
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	3.3	5.6	5.1	7.4	10.4	11.5	12.9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.1	6.0	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.0	6.8
Retail Sales	7.0	8.1	8.0	7.9	8.3	8.4	8.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	30.3	38.1	39.2	43.0	49.4	51.9	52.7
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	4.8	6.1	6.9	7.3	8.2	8.5	8.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.3	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.2
Retail**	1.5	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total Direct Earnings	8.7	11.1	11.9	12.5	13.8	14.3	14.0
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	410	390	430	460	480	480	460
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	230	190	340	370	350	360	340
Retail**	140	130	130	130	120	120	120
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	780	720	910	970	960	960	930
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
State Tax Receipts	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1.8	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Thurston County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	105.2	176.3	187.1	221.0	261.4	281.2	289.9
Other Travel*	3.9	3.7	3.2	2.8	3.9	4.5	4.2
Total Direct Spending	109.1	180.0	190.3	223.8	265.4	285.7	294.1
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	31.9	65.8	72.2	88.7	106.8	116.9	119.3
Private Campground	4.7	5.9	6.4	7.1	8.1	8.9	4.9
Public Campground	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.8	3.1
Private Home	31.5	48.8	50.6	57.6	67.2	71.1	78.2
Vacation Home	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.7
Day Travel	32.8	50.8	53.2	62.3	73.4	78.0	80.7
Spending at Destination	105.2	176.3	187.1	221.0	261.4	281.2	289.9
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	11.3	22.4	24.1	27.2	33.3	38.1	38.1
Food & Beverage Services	26.2	44.5	50.8	58.7	66.9	71.5	72.3
Food Stores	5.9	9.7	10.9	12.5	13.5	14.6	14.7
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	24.3	41.4	38.5	54.4	74.2	81.3	90.8
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	16.0	26.0	28.6	32.1	34.7	36.1	35.3
Retail Sales	21.5	32.3	34.2	36.1	38.8	39.7	38.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	105.2	176.3	187.1	221.0	261.4	281.2	289.9
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	14.4	26.3	30.3	34.3	39.4	42.8	43.2
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.4	9.5	9.9	11.0	12.3	12.8	12.5
Retail**	4.3	6.7	7.2	8.0	8.5	8.8	8.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.9	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.8
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.1
Total Direct Earnings	26.8	46.2	51.1	57.0	64.8	69.3	69.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	1,150	1,340	1,460	1,560	1,720	1,810	1,830
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	430	530	630	650	690	700	690
Retail**	330	320	330	380	410	410	390
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	60	90	90	100	100	100	100
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	90	100	60	50	50	60	60
Total Direct Employment	2,050	2,370	2,570	2,750	2,980	3,070	3,070
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	1.2	2.5	2.8	3.5	4.0	4.4	4.3
State Tax Receipts	7.3	11.1	12.0	13.8	15.4	16.4	16.4
Total Direct Tax Receipts	8.5	13.7	14.8	17.3	19.4	20.7	20.7

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Wahkiakum County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	1.5	2.5	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.2	4.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Spending	1.5	2.5	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.2	4.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.5	1.5	1.1
Private Campground	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Public Campground	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Private Home	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1
Vacation Home	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Day Travel	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8
Spending at Destination	1.5	2.5	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.2	4.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.6
Food & Beverage Services	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.2
Food Stores	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5
Retail Sales	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spending at Destination	1.5	2.5	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.2	4.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Retail**	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Travel*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Direct Earnings	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	20	20	30	30	40	40	40
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	10	10	10	10	20	20	10
Retail**	10	20	20	20	20	20	10
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Employment	40	50	60	60	80	70	70
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State Tax Receipts	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total Direct Tax Receipts	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Walla Walla County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	34.4	50.1	56.9	64.6	75.1	83.2	90.7
Other Travel*	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8
Total Direct Spending	34.9	50.7	57.5	65.1	75.8	84.0	91.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	14.6	22.7	28.3	32.9	39.4	45.6	50.9
Private Campground	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Public Campground	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Private Home	8.3	12.0	12.1	13.3	14.7	15.1	15.8
Vacation Home	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Day Travel	9.7	13.4	14.5	16.3	18.6	19.9	21.5
Spending at Destination	34.4	50.1	56.9	64.6	75.1	83.2	90.7
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	4.3	6.9	8.9	10.0	12.8	15.7	17.7
Food & Beverage Services	9.7	13.8	16.7	18.6	21.0	23.1	25.3
Food Stores	1.9	2.8	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.7
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	5.2	9.1	8.4	11.7	15.3	16.8	18.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5.9	8.0	9.3	10.0	10.8	11.5	12.2
Retail Sales	7.2	9.4	10.3	10.5	11.2	11.6	12.1
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Spending at Destination	34.4	50.1	56.9	64.6	75.1	83.2	90.7
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	5.1	7.6	9.7	10.7	12.5	14.2	15.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2.3	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.7	5.0
Retail**	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3
Total Direct Earnings	9.2	13.7	16.3	17.9	20.3	22.5	24.4
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	470	450	570	580	680	730	770
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	330	280	270	280	310	340	350
Retail**	110	120	110	120	130	130	130
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>
Other Travel*	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	930	880	980	1,020	1,150	1,230	1,280
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4
State Tax Receipts	2.0	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.6	4.9
Total Direct Tax Receipts	2.4	3.6	4.1	4.7	5.3	5.9	6.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Whatcom County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	230.0	300.7	314.3	359.1	419.4	451.3	476.0
Other Travel*	3.6	3.3	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.4
Total Direct Spending	233.7	303.9	317.7	361.9	422.5	454.7	479.4
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	87.0	99.6	108.2	125.8	139.5	155.9	159.8
Private Campground	13.0	17.8	16.5	18.1	29.2	30.1	33.9
Public Campground	4.6	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.7	5.8	6.2
Private Home	34.4	56.2	58.9	67.2	76.9	81.1	86.6
Vacation Home	9.6	14.9	15.8	17.7	19.9	21.1	22.2
Day Travel	81.3	107.6	110.4	125.1	148.4	157.3	167.3
Spending at Destination	230.0	300.7	314.3	359.1	419.4	451.3	476.0
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	31.2	38.8	42.5	48.2	55.8	63.2	65.1
Food & Beverage Services	63.2	80.1	88.3	98.3	111.2	119.7	125.4
Food Stores	14.1	19.4	20.9	23.3	26.3	28.2	30.7
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	31.4	53.2	49.0	70.3	97.1	106.6	119.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	38.9	46.8	49.7	53.7	58.0	60.7	61.7
Retail Sales	50.6	62.0	63.4	65.1	70.8	72.6	73.5
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
Spending at Destination	230.0	300.7	314.3	359.1	419.4	451.3	476.0
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	31.3	40.2	45.4	50.1	56.0	61.0	63.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	20.0	26.3	26.5	28.4	31.6	33.0	33.5
Retail**	9.3	12.7	13.3	14.5	15.7	16.3	16.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.7	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5
Total Direct Earnings	63.2	82.2	88.4	96.1	106.7	113.9	117.3
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2,900	2,490	2,720	2,860	3,060	3,180	3,190
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2,450	2,450	2,760	2,600	2,590	2,790	2,570
Retail**	740	700	700	720	740	740	750
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	40	60	70	70	70	70	70
Air Transportation (visitor only)	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Travel*	80	80	60	50	40	40	40
Total Direct Employment	6,220	5,770	6,310	6,300	6,510	6,830	6,620
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	2.7	3.8	4.5	5.6	6.5	7.4	7.6
State Tax Receipts	14.5	18.4	19.6	21.9	24.5	26.1	26.8
Total Direct Tax Receipts	17.2	22.2	24.0	27.4	31.1	33.5	34.4

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Whitman County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	22.8	39.8	39.4	45.6	50.8	53.2	56.3
Other Travel*	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Total Direct Spending	23.4	40.4	39.8	46.1	51.4	53.9	57.0
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	8.9	20.3	20.3	24.2	26.9	28.4	29.9
Private Campground	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Public Campground	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9
Private Home	6.9	9.0	9.1	10.0	11.1	11.6	12.3
Vacation Home	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Day Travel	5.8	8.8	8.6	9.9	11.0	11.5	12.2
Spending at Destination	22.8	39.8	39.4	45.6	50.8	53.2	56.3
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	2.7	6.4	6.3	7.2	8.0	8.7	9.1
Food & Beverage Services	6.1	10.7	11.1	12.7	13.7	14.2	15.0
Food Stores	1.3	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	4.2	7.3	6.8	9.3	12.1	13.2	14.6
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	3.7	6.2	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.3
Retail Sales	4.6	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Spending at Destination	22.8	39.8	39.4	45.6	50.8	53.2	56.3
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	3.4	6.8	7.1	8.0	8.6	8.9	9.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1.6	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4
Retail**	0.9	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Total Direct Earnings	6.4	11.7	11.9	13.3	14.2	14.6	15.2
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	370	490	510	540	560	540	550
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	410	380	270	250	230	210	210
Retail**	90	100	90	90	100	90	90
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Air Transportation (visitor only)	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>b</i>
Other Travel*	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	890	1,000	900	900	910	860	880
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
State Tax Receipts	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.3
Total Direct Tax Receipts	1.7	2.9	3.0	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.1

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

Yakima County Travel Impacts, 1991-2008

	1991	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008
Total Direct Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Visitor Spending at Destination	177.8	233.9	239.7	262.2	306.5	326.4	344.3
Other Travel*	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.3	0.6	0.7	0.7
Total Direct Spending	179.9	235.9	241.2	263.5	307.1	327.0	344.9
Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation (\$Million)							
Hotel, Motel	75.9	94.6	100.0	103.8	121.2	130.4	135.2
Private Campground	7.3	9.0	8.6	9.8	11.5	12.7	13.2
Public Campground	5.8	7.3	7.0	8.1	9.6	10.0	10.7
Private Home	34.8	52.7	53.5	61.8	71.9	75.8	81.8
Vacation Home	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.1
Day Travel	51.9	68.0	68.4	76.2	89.5	94.6	100.2
Spending at Destination	177.8	233.9	239.7	262.2	306.5	326.4	344.3
Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased (\$Million)							
Accommodations	23.6	30.5	33.0	32.4	36.9	40.7	42.6
Food & Beverage Services	47.6	59.7	64.8	66.5	73.5	77.4	79.4
Food Stores	9.8	12.9	13.8	14.5	15.3	16.2	17.1
Ground Tran. & Motor Fuel	32.2	54.2	49.6	71.9	100.1	110.1	123.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	29.1	34.7	36.3	36.3	38.2	39.1	38.9
Retail Sales	34.9	41.5	41.9	40.4	42.2	42.6	42.2
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Spending at Destination	177.8	233.9	239.7	262.2	306.5	326.4	344.3
Industry Earnings Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Accommodations & Food Service	27.5	35.6	39.6	39.5	43.2	45.9	47.5
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	9.8	12.7	12.6	12.5	13.5	13.9	13.8
Retail**	7.2	9.5	9.7	10.2	10.6	10.8	10.7
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Air Transportation (visitor only)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other Travel*	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total Direct Earnings	45.9	59.3	63.4	63.6	68.4	71.7	73.1
Industry Employment Generated by Travel Spending (Jobs)							
Accommodations & Food Service	2,310	2,130	2,060	1,930	1,970	2,040	2,050
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,190	830	910	910	880	860	860
Retail**	540	520	490	490	500	490	470
Auto Rental & Ground Tran.	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Air Transportation (visitor only)	10	b	b	b	b	b	b
Other Travel*	50	50	30	20	10	10	10
Total Direct Employment	4,110	3,550	3,510	3,380	3,380	3,420	3,410
Tax Receipts Generated by Travel Spending (\$Million)							
Local Tax Receipts	2.2	3.5	3.8	3.9	5.1	5.4	5.6
State Tax Receipts	11.7	14.8	15.6	16.9	18.6	19.5	19.7
Total Direct Tax Receipts	13.9	18.3	19.4	20.7	23.6	24.9	25.3

Details may not add to totals due to rounding. *Other Travel includes resident air travel and travel agencies.

**Retail includes gasoline. Less than \$50,000 in earnings denoted by 'a'. Less than five employees denoted by 'b'.

II. TRANSIENT LODGING TAX RECEIPTS

Because room sales to local residents are rare, the receipts from taxes on transient lodging are useful measures of travel activity. In Washington, there are four types of transient lodging taxes, (a) the regular state-shared tax, (b) the additional or special tax, (c) the Convention Center taxes in Seattle and King County, and (d) Tourism Promotion Area taxes. These taxes are summarized below.

REGULAR STATE-SHARED TAX (2% RATE)

In the State of Washington, a local option tax, or “state-shared” tax of two percent is levied on the sale (i.e., rental) of hotel/motel rooms and other similar lodging facilities, including commercial campsites. This tax is a charge for lodging of less than one month duration, or lodging of a transient nature. The state-shared tax is not paid in addition to other state and local sales taxes; rather, it is credited against the state's 6.5 percent retail sales tax. Tax revenues are collected by the state and then distributed to the specific jurisdictions that levy the tax.

Cities are permitted to levy this tax within their corporate limits, and counties are permitted to levy it in unincorporated areas as well as within those cities that do not levy it. Most of the major cities within the state collect local transient lodging taxes and with few exceptions, counties also collect transient lodging taxes. Currently, 148 cities and 38 counties have imposed the tax. All cities and counties that levy the tax have adopted the maximum rate of two percent. (There are two cities where this tax is actually levied twice. In King County, Bellevue is the only city authorized to levy the transient lodging tax. However, the tax is also levied throughout the county, including Bellevue. This also occurs in the city of Yakima. In essence, this becomes a four percent transient lodging tax within the city limits of Bellevue and Yakima.)

The tables beginning on page 60 shows the distributions of these taxes from the state to the localities from the 2000 through 2008 calendar years, as reported by the Washington State Department of Revenue. Tax receipts are not reported for those cities and counties where disclosure restrictions have applied at any time during this period. In general, the Department of Revenue does not disclose the tax receipt data where there are fewer than three establishments or where one establishment predominates.

ADDITIONAL OR SPECIAL TAX (2% TO-5% RATE)

Prior to July of 1997, additional transient lodging taxes were authorized by statute for specific cities and counties for specific purposes. These taxes were paid in addition to all other state and local sales taxes. As of July 27, 1997, any city, town, or county is now eligible to levy an additional hotel/motel tax of up to four percent, unless previously authorized for more. Up to one-half of this amount (two percent) can be credited against the state sales tax, as is the case with the two percent state-shared tax. Generally, the permitted use of the funds is for a tourism-related activity or facility, such as a convention center. Additional hotel/motel taxes were levied in 174 jurisdictions in 2008, compared to 26 jurisdictions in 1997.

Consequently, there has been a large increase in the amount of “additional” or “special” hotel/motel tax revenue in recent years, as shown in the tables beginning on page 66.

KING COUNTY & SEATTLE CONVENTION/TRADE CENTER TAXES

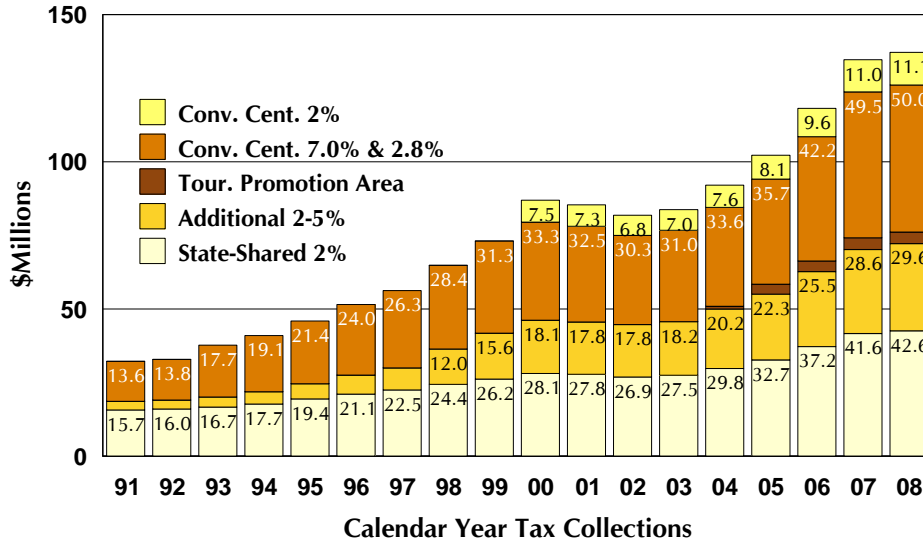
This King County tax applies only to lodging facilities of 60 or more units within the county. Beginning in 1993, the tax rate is seven percent within Seattle and 2.8 percent in all other locations in King County. This rate structure reflects the fact that the larger lodging establishments in the city of Seattle benefit the most from the Convention and Trade Center. This tax is not credited against other sales taxes. Purchasers of rooms pay this tax in addition to all other sales and room taxes in the county. Beginning January 1, 2000, a two percent tax was also applied to hotel facilities within the city of Seattle. The revenues from this tax are also deposited in the state convention and trade center account. However, unlike the county tax, this two percent tax is credited against the state retail sales tax (as is the regular state-shared tax, above).

TOURISM PROMOTION AREAS

Tourism promotion areas may be established by counties of a population greater than 40,000 but less than 1,000,000 and cities within those counties. Qualifying counties and cities may impose a flat fee of up to \$2 per day for lodging rentals in facilities with at least 40 units. The flat fee may vary according to the size of the establishment and its location. The first tourism promotion areas were established in 2004. There are currently six tourism promotion areas.

The annual statewide tax collections from the different types of lodging taxes are shown in the graph below. The tables on the following pages show the distributions of lodging taxes for the different jurisdictions within the state.³

Transient Lodging Tax Collections in Washington



Source: Washington State Department of Revenue and Dean Runyan Associates
 Calendar year tax collections estimated by Dean Runyan Associates from monthly and fiscal year tax data reported by the Department of Revenue.

³ The distributions of taxes occur two months after the sale for which the taxes were collected. For this reason, the estimates of calendar year tax collections (as shown in the above graph) are slightly different from the calendar year tax distributions.

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)

(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Adams County									
Hatton									
Othello									
Ritzville	21	23			32	33		38	
Washtucna County									
Asotin County									
Asotin									
Clarkston	62	62	66	66	68	67	78	81	81
County		5							
Benton County									
Kennewick	228	230	266	269	261	267	285	339	355
Prosser	22								
Richland	201	243	255	261	293	290	295	339	364
West Richland County									
Chelan County									
Cashmere									
Chelan	202	219	209	223	229	240	254	271	260
Entiat									
Leavenworth	276	244	261	262	264	277	327	345	364
Wenatchee	233	219	231	238	247	252	285	325	337
County	216	213	245	255	256	251	303	349	392
Clallam County									
Forks	39	40	40	42	42	44	44	48	53
Port Angeles	185	189	194	190	216	224	230	249	253
Sequim	44	45	49	51	55	65	73	79	86
County	112	120	125	134	146	166	179	179	178
Clark County									
Vancouver	389	385	372	358	371	427	588	636	679
Washougal									
County	84	100	100	102	109	117	132	147	142
Columbia County									
Dayton County									
Cowlitz County									
Castle Rock		15	14		14	13	15		
Kalama									
Kelso			114	116	120	123	146	156	159
Longview			23	23	24	25	34	38	45
Woodland	28	30	29	30	30	33	36	41	39
County	21	25	24		25	29	28	33	34

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.

Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Douglas County									
Bridgeport									
East Wenatchee County									
Ferry County									
Republic County	21			21		9	11	13	
Franklin County									
Connell Pasco County	126	129	129	127	134	159	174	204	217
Garfield County**									
Pomeroy*									
Grant County									
Coulee City									
Electric City									
Ephrata		20			19	21	26	31	36
George						0	0	0	0
Grand Coulee				8	9		9		
Moses Lake	145	155	150	146	148	150	163	201	280
Quincy								19	
Soap Lake		11		10	12	10	12	12	
County	116	75	100	102	94	157	136	171	195
Grays Harbor County									
Aberdeen	58	55	63	67	69	60	68	73	69
Elma							24	27	
Hoquiam									10
McCleary									
Montesano									
Ocean Shores	275	313	304	55	303	332	342	347	323
Westport	121	50	52	314	58	67	75	75	71
County	153	154	160	146	172	166	181	196	214
Island County									
Coupeville	14					15			21
Langley	44	43	42	42	47	47	48	49	55
Oak Harbor	76	73	76	72	72	82	84	87	95
County	72	78	81	79	82	90	98	107	107
Jefferson County									
Port Townsend	147	129	159	135	175	164	166	176	175
County	137	135	117		142	134	145	151	158

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.
Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.
Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
King County									
Bellevue*	1,857	1,750	1,504	1,541	1,565	1,720	2,336	2,657	2,690
County	14,006	13,938	12,687	12,927	14,184	15,357	17,847	20,299	20,967
Kitsap County									
Bainbridge Island						35		58	63
Bremerton		101	127	96	131	157	167	165	159
Port Orchard					45	47	50	48	49
Poulsbo						61			
County	90	96	103	100	106	102	104	115	156
Kittitas County									
Cle Elum		30	30	29	32		59	66	55
Ellensburg	111	114	116	124	131	145	160	187	181
Roslyn									
South Cle Elum									
County	39	46	53		33	52	48	65	158
Klickitat County									
Goldendale									
County	38	45	51	42	43	30	27	28	28
Lewis County									
Centralia	70	78	82	76	79	83	96	101	104
Chehalis	32	33	34		34	41	47	51	54
Morton									
Toledo						0	0	0	0
County	54	58	62	70	73	75	88	86	111
Lincoln County									
Davenport								4	
Odessa									
Sprague									
Wilbur									
County									
Mason County									
Shelton									
County	45	52	55		56	94	105	116	114

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.

Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

*Bellevue collects both a two percent city tax and a two percent county tax.

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)

(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Okanogan County									
Brewster									
Conconully							2		
Coulee Dam									
Okanogan									
Omak	28		31			37	41	49	64
Oroville									
Pateros									
Riverside			0		0	0		0	0
Tonasket									
Twisp									
Winthrop	49	47	45	49	50	56	62	62	63
County	163	164	157	160	166	176	175	186	190
Pacific County									
Ilwaco	12					14	14	15	13
Long Beach	122	121	135	127	125	137	139	146	156
Raymond									
South Bend					6				
County	82	85	98	106	111	124	136	139	132
Pend Oreille County									
Ione						0		3	2
Metaline									
Metaline Falls									
Newport			7		7	7	14	8	11
County						14			
Pierce County									
Buckley									
DuPont									
Eatonville									
Fife	214	181	183	154	159	185	171	192	190
Gig Harbor	55	53	53	63	65	67	72	84	82
Lakewood	102	67	66	69	69	82	77	100	170
Puyallup		130	132	132	129	144	160	181	184
Sumner									
Tacoma	386	492	513	561	623	687	816	916	1,005
Wilkeson									
County	139	147	159	162	162	156	160	164	208

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.

Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
San Juan County									
Friday Harbor	107	100	91	102	106	118	127	143	137
County	323	319	384	322	350	351	372	398	409
Skagit County									
Anacortes	95	93	94	89	92	108	112	126	124
Burlington	43	44	41	46	52	55	72	112	104
La Conner	59	51	48	46	58	61	61	64	67
Mount Vernon	107	98	94	94	103	112	119	122	109
Sedro Woolley County	48	53	62		53	65	79	119	149
Skamania County									
North Bonneville Stevenson County							7		
Snohomish County									
Arlington							74	86	77
Bothell		104	108	120	130	147	168	184	182
Edmonds	67	66	56	54	61	64	71	86	87
Everett	261	221	204	170	191	197	282	357	347
Lynnwood	389	379	326	321	376	440	505	561	578
Marysville									72
Monroe	43	41	38	38	44	47	57	64	
Mountlake Terrace									
Mukilteo					88		138		127
Snohomish County	244	211	203	199	224	248	269	333	361
Spokane County									
Cheney									
Deer Park	0	0	0						
Liberty Lake								38	
Spokane	928	958	925	1,024	1,109	1,111	1,232	1,427	1,509
Spokane Valley					363	385	414	459	472
County	522	513	554	374	313	328	373	420	417
Stevens County									
Chewelah									11
Colville					33	36		45	
Kettle Falls									
Northport									
County	15	23		23		24	32	28	22

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.

Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

Distributions of State-Shared Hotel/Motel Taxes (two percent rate)

(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Thurston County									
Lacey	114	103	99	107	109	118	122	136	198
Olympia	165	199	184	218	213	233	253	294	289
Tumwater	64	78	85	91	95	105	113	132	129
Yelm									
County		16				18	19	20	20
Wahkiakum County									
County							6		
Walla Walla County									
Waitsburg							0		
Walla Walla	112	127	158	156	169	197	214	263	296
County			3						
Whatcom County									
Bellingham	295	296	341	337	400	409	458	473	505
Blaine	105	110	99	101	118	123	132	133	147
Ferndale									
Lynden					17	19		23	23
Sumas									
County	131	151	147	162	145	159	182	206	
Whitman County									
Colfax									
Pullman	97	108	96	105	109	108	117	127	138
County		5					4	5	
Yakima County									
Grandview									
Naches									
Selah					0	0	0	0	0
Sunnyside	21	23	17	22	23	34	40	46	46
Toppenish									
Union Gap	63	69			73	74	80		
Yakima	357	354	370	373	369	376	407	457	492
<i>not disclosed</i>	1,708	968	1,132	1,823	1,320	1,402	1,532	1,835	1,563
State Total	28,162	27,662	26,492	27,050	29,426	31,766	36,511	41,246	42,468

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Jurisdictions where tax collections are not disclosed are left blank.

Counties where no tax is collected in unincorporated areas are denoted by (**).

*Yakima City collects both a two percent city and two percent county tax.

Detailed monthly distributions can be found on the Washington State Department of Revenue website.

Distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel Taxes (one percent to five percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2008 rate
Adams County										
Hatton										
Othello	5	7	4	6	2	4	1	5	3	2%
Ritzville	21	23	21	25	32	33	34	38	33	2%
County				a		a	a			2%
Asotin County										
County	61	67	70	68	72	74	83	85	76	2%
Benton County										
Kennewick	228	230	266	269	261	267	285	339	314	2%
Prosser	22	14	15	22	16	16	17	20	32	2%
Richland	202	243	255	262	292	290	295	339	323	2%
Chelan County										
Chelan	299	329	319	350	343	360	377	407	339	3%
Leavenworth	387	367	388	396	396	416	491	517	500	3%
Wenatchee	467	439	462	475	494	504	570	651	602	4%
County							216	354	346	2%
Clallam County										
Forks	39	40	41	42	42	44	44	48	47	2%
Port Angeles	185	190	194	191	214	224	230	249	220	2%
Sequim	44	45	49	51	55	65	73	79	72	2%
County	110	100	125	135	145	166	179	179	152	2%
Clark County										
Ridgfield				1						2%
Vancouver	389	385	372	358	371	427	588	636	614	2%
Washougal					1					2%
County	85	120	102	99	107	113	127	142	121	2%
Columbia County										
Dayton			2	8	6	5	9	11	6	2%
Cowlitz County										
County	216	223	215	206	273	319	374	407	371	2-3%
Douglas County										
East Wenatchee	62	32	32	51	21	17	35	72	70	4%
Ferry County										
Republic					6	9	11	13	11	2%
Franklin County										
Connell	1		1	2						2%
Pasco	126	129	120	131	134	159	177	204	190	2%
County								a	1	2%

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Blank cells denote that either no tax was collected for that year or that it cannot be disclosed.

Receipts of less than \$500 denoted by 'a'.

Distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel Taxes (one percent to five percent rate)
(\$'000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2008 rate
Grant County										
Coulee City	1	a	1	a	a					2%
Electric City										2%
Ephrata		1	16	19	19	21	26	31	31	2%
Grand Coulee	1	4	7	8	9	8	9	4	4	2%
Moses Lake	146	155	150	147	146	150	163	200	245	2%
Quincy	5	6	8	6	5	7	11	19	15	2%
Soap Lake	10	11	11	10	12	10	12	12	13	2%
County	129	99	98	113	99	163	136	171	160	2%
Grays Harbor County										
Ocean Shores	529	471	460	473	456	498	513	521	514	3%
Westport	64	75	78	83	88	100	112	113	92	3%
County	341	339	366	363	403	388	432	466	439	3%
Island County										
Coupeville	11	12	12	10	13	15	14	19	17	2%
Langley	39	42	42	42	47	47	48	49	48	2%
Oak Harbor	66	73	77	69	72	82	84	87	84	2%
County	55	77	80	80	81	91	98	107	91	2%
Jefferson County										
Port Townsend	144	130	164	135	177	162	166	175	156	2%
County	138	135	120	126	134	133	142	151	140	2%
King County										
Auburn		3	49	51	56	61	74	85	79	1%
Bellevue	2,775	2,606	2,258	2,308	2,352	2,580	3,503	3,990	3,084	3%
Bothell	102	165	27	50	37	29	31	26	39	1%
Des Moines						6	18	21	19	1%
Federal Way	123	139	129	142	142	156	173	190	157	1%
Issaquah	40	44	26	32	47	43	41	82	102	1%
Kent	163	151	127	121	122	135	165	195	176	1%
Kirkland			106	127	125	135	153	212	217	1%
North Bend	a		a	a			a			1%
Pacific		a	a							1%
Redmond	134	136	131	139	158	241	277	295	269	1%
Renton	147	162	149	144	154	180	218	242	229	1%
SeaTac	930	902	814	819	875	951	1067	1204	1119	1%
Snoqualmie	9	5	14	11	17	10		6	6	1%
Tukwila	480	443	378	370	390	444	501	583	532	1%
Woodinville								7	4	1%
Kitsap County										
Bainbridge Island	21	20	19	23	26	35	35	43	55	2%
Bremerton	95	101	127	97	128	157	157	167	144	2%
Port Orchard	23	30	38	40	45	47	47	50	44	2%
Poulsbo	34	41	43	52	57	61	61	66	20	2%
County	89	96	102	100	107	102	102	105	139	2%

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Blank cells denote that either no tax was collected for that year or that it cannot be disclosed.

Receipts of less than \$500 denoted by 'a'. **2006 Distributions for Bellevue not available.

Distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel Taxes (one percent to five percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2008 rate
Kittitas County										
Cle Elum		5	15	15	16	19	30	33	25	1%
Ellensburg		111	118	126	128	144	159	187	161	2%
South Cle Elum										2%
Klickitat										
Goldendale						5	11	11	11	2%
Lewis County										
Centralia	69	78	82	77	78	83	96	101	94	2%
Chehalis	32	32	36	34	34	41	47	51	48	2%
Morton					4	4	5	6	4	2%
Toledo								a		2%
County	65	68	71	81	74	75	88	86	98	2%
Mason County										
Shelton	10	9	7	12	10	12	9	9	12	2%
County	38	52	55	34	56	94	105	116	102	2%
Okanogan County										
Brewster			a	1						2%
Conconully	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2%
Coulee Dam	13	9	6	10	7	6	2	1		2%
Okanogan	11	9	6	2	3	5	11	18	11	2%
Omak	28	28	31	31	32	37	41	49	57	2%
Oroville	24	22	3	4	2	1	6	1	2	2%
Pateros	3	2	2	1	1	a				2%
Riverside			a							
Tonasket	1		a	3	3	3	1	1	1	2%
Twisp		5	2	5	4	4	5	6	5	2%
Winthrop	72	71	67	75	75	84	93	94	82	3%
County	168	156	160	159	166	176	175	186	166	2%
Pacific County										
Ilwaco	13	10	14	15	13	14	14	15	11	2%
Long Beach	183	180	203	193	189	206	208	219	211	3%
County	85	91	106	113	119	131	144	147	125	2%
Pend Oreille County										
Newport	7	6	6	6	7	7	14	8	11	2%
County							8	18	13	2%
Pierce County										
Buckley	4	2	3			2	1	1		2-5%
Eatonville	2				1		1	1		2-5%
Fife	535	448	444	386	401	442	428	479	429	5%
Gig Harbor	119	117	122	136	141	150	157	189	160	2-5%
Lakewood	182	170	172	167	171	205	193	251	384	5%
Puyallup	320	325	330	331	322	361	400	454	416	5%
Tacoma	1296	1200	1295	1422	1466	1688	1997	2251	2248	2-5%
County	264	286	304	318	348	401	404	445	457	2-5%

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Blank cells denote that either no tax was collected for that year or that it cannot be disclosed.

Receipts of less than \$500 denoted by 'a'.

Distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel Taxes (one percent to five percent rate)

(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2008 rate
San Juan County										
Friday Harbor		1	56	95	105	118	125	143	120	2%
County			9	322	348	351	374	398	340	2%
Skagit County										
Anacortes	95	92	91	89	92	107	113	126	110	2%
Burlington	44	44	55	46	51	55	58	112	94	2%
La Conner	59	51	48	48	59	58	61	64	61	2%
Mount Vernon	107	98	97	95	103	112	120	122	98	2%
Sedro Woolley	14	11	12	5	1	9		5	3	2%
County					38	64	79	119	131	2%
Skamania County										
North Bonneville							4			2%
Stevenson	97	82	124	138	108	151	138	150	99	2%
County					8	6	7	9	5	2%
Snohomish County										
County	1,067	1,034	1,049	1,027	1,148	1,328	1,606	1,867	1,741	2%
Spokane County										
Airway Heights				8	10	12	4	22	24	.9-3.9%
County	1,384	1,308	1,485	1,591	1,718	1,808	2,004	2,320	2,152	2%
Stevens County										
Chewelah				2	3	4	4	3	5	1%
Colville	13	24	21	22	25	27	28	34	27	2%
Northport				0				0		2%
Thurston County										
Lacey	114	103	99	108	107	118	122	136	177	2%
Olympia	165	199	185	217	214	233	253	294	259	2%
Tumwater	64	78	85	91	93	105	113	132	117	2%
Wahkiakum										
Cathlamet								0		2%
County						3	5	7	5	2%
Walla Walla County										
Walla Walla	112	134	157	156	171	197	214	263	253	2%
County	1	7	3	3	3	3	4	5	9	2%
Whatcom County										
Bellingham	289	296	340	344	392	409	458	471	455	2%
Blaine										2%
Ferndale					14	13	10	31	16	2%
Lynden							1	23	20	2%
Whatcom PTBA								65	122	2%
County								8	109	2%

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Blank cells denote that either no tax was collected for that year or that it cannot be disclosed.

Receipts of less than \$500 denoted by 'a'.

Distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel Taxes (one percent to five percent rate)
(\$000)

County/Jurisdiction	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2008 rate
Whitman County										
Pullman		64	96	105	109	108	117	127	125	2%
Yakima County										
Sunnyside	20	23	20	22	23	34	40	46	42	2%
Toppenish			2	9	6	9	8	7	1	2%
Union Gap	61	68	67	65	71	74	80	77	79	2%
Yakima	533	531	555	560	553	564	610	686	655	3%

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue.

Blank cells denote that either no tax was collected for that year or that it cannot be disclosed.

Receipts of less than \$500 denoted by 'a'.

Tourism Promotion Area Tax Distributions
(thousands)

Tourism Promotion Area	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Room Fee
Tri-Cities TPA						
Kennewick (Benton)	\$23.3	\$312.9	\$320.9	\$366.8	\$350.6	\$1.50
Richland (Benton)	\$23.0	\$322.6	\$307.0	\$334.5	\$319.7	\$1.50
Pasco (Franklin)	\$14.6	\$166.0	\$169.6	\$191.4	\$183.1	\$1.50
Clark County TPA		\$730.5	\$913.6	\$920.3	\$870.7	\$2.00
Spokane County TPA	\$738.6	\$1,500.8	\$1,533.6	\$1,615.3	\$1,602.8	\$0.50-\$1.50
Liberty Lake TPA (Spokane)		\$2.6	\$2.1	*	\$8.8	\$0.50-\$1.00
Wenatchee TPA				\$159.5	\$182.1	\$1.00
Yakima County TPA						
City of Yakima	\$132.1	\$359.9	\$352.6	\$380.5	\$377.1	\$0.50-\$1.50
*Total	\$931.7	\$3,413.1	\$3,599.5	\$3,968.3	\$3,888.6	

Source: Washington State Department of Revenue. *Amount not disclosed for Liberty Lake TPA in 2007 and not included in total.

APPENDICES

Appendix A. Travel Industry Accounts

Appendix B. Travel Impact Estimation Procedures

Appendix C. Definition of Terms

Appendix D. Rounding and Format of Detailed Tables

TRAVEL INDUSTRY ACCOUNTS: A COMPARISON OF THE REGIONAL TRAVEL IMPACT MODEL AND TRAVEL & TOURISM SATELLITE ACCOUNTS

An economic account is a method for displaying inter-related information about a set of economic activities. A travel industry account is a method to report different types of related information about the purchase of goods and services by visitors. The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), which now provides annual and quarterly estimates of travel and tourism at the national level, describes a Travel and Tourism Satellite Account (TTSA) as “present(ing) a rearrangement of information from the National Income and Product Accounts, from the industry accounts, and from other sources so that travel and tourism activities can be analyzed more completely than is possible in the structure of the traditional national economic accounts.”⁴ Similarly, the RTIM has been developed by Dean Runyan Associates to estimate travel spending, earnings, employment, and tax receipts at the state, county, and regional levels. These initial findings can, in turn, be used as input data for deriving estimates of other economic measures, such as value-added and indirect effects.

This appendix provides an overview of the Regional Travel Impact Model (RTIM) and travel and tourism satellite accounts (TTSA). Although there is no single or absolute form of a TTSA, the one developed by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) will be the basis of the analysis here. The definitions, framework, and estimating methods used for the U.S. BEA TTSA follow, as closely as is practicable, the guidelines for similar travel satellite accounts that were developed by the World Tourism Organization (WTO) and the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

The primary focus is on the direct impacts of visitor spending. Visitors are defined as persons that stay overnight away from home, or travel more than fifty miles one-way on a non-routine trip. Only the expenditures related to specific trips are counted as visitor spending. Other travel related expenditures such as the consumption of durable goods (e.g., recreational vehicles or sporting equipment) or the purchase of vacation homes are not considered.

While such a definition of the travel industry (i.e., the trip related expenditures of visitors) is conservative, it is also in keeping with the notion of the travel industry as being an export-oriented industry for specific local communities. That is, visitors are important to regions because they inject money into the local economy. This focus on the export-oriented nature of the travel industry for local communities becomes blurred if the industry is defined so as to include non-trip related expenditures.

⁴ Peter D. Kuhbach, Mark A. Planting, and Erich H. Strassner, “U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts for 1998-2003,” *Survey of Current Business* 84 (September 2004): 43-59.

PRIMARY CONCEPTS, CATEGORIES & DATA REQUIREMENTS

There are three primary types of information that are measured and/or estimated in a travel industry account. The first is a measure of the **travel industry** in terms of both the characteristics of the business firms that sell travel goods and services and the characteristics of consumers that purchase travel industry goods and services. The second is a measure of the **demand segments** that consume travel industry goods and services. For example, the distinction between business and leisure travel is a measure of demand segments. The third is a measure of the **components of economic output** associated with the travel industry. The employee earnings generated by visitor spending is one such component. Travel-generated tax receipts are another. These three categories of information represent different aspects of the accounting ledger – they represent different ways of viewing or analyzing the travel industry.

The bulk of this paper will discuss these three types of information in terms of their conceptual foundations, the data requirements, and some of the more salient issues that users of this information should be aware of. There will also be some discussion of **indirect and induced effects** in that these effects can be reasonably estimated from the direct travel industry accounts. These secondary (versus direct) effects describe the relationship of the travel industry to other sectors of the larger economy.

The intent of this discussion will be to provide a general overview of the process of constructing travel industry accounts and the underlying similarity between the RTIM and a TTSA. More technical issues are generally placed in footnotes.

TRAVEL INDUSTRY

Defining the travel industry is probably the most critical and data intensive effort involved in developing a travel industry account. It is an exercise in matching supply (sellers of goods and services) with demand (the travelers that purchase those particular goods and services). It is complicated by the fact that no single industrial classification scheme provides a valid measure of the travel industry.⁵ There are only three significant industrial classifications (Accommodations [NAICS 721], Scheduled Passenger Air Transportation [NAICS 481111] and Travel Arrangement and Reservation Services [NAICS 5615]) that *primarily* sell travel industry goods and services.⁶ Firms in other industries (retail, recreation, transportation) provide goods and services to both travelers and other types of consumers.

Because of this, most satellite accounts, as well as the RTIM, incorporate at least some information about the expenditures of visitors in order to define the supply of visitor industry firms. For example, if there is an estimate of visitor-days and an

⁵ The North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) is the current standard in the United States.

⁶ Even these industries are not purely travel. For example, the accommodations industry provides services to local residents (food service and meeting rooms). Passenger airlines also ship cargo on the same planes that carry passengers. Fortunately, it is usually possible to make adjustments for these non-travel components through the use of additional data.

estimate of how much the average visitor spends on food services per day, then an estimate of visitor spending on food services can be calculated. In most cases, this will be only a fraction of all food service sales in that residents are a larger market for most restaurants.⁷

The industry sectors that are usually matched to visitor spending in this way are: accommodations (NAICS 721), food service (722), arts, entertainment and recreation (71), and retail trade (44-45). A portion of transportation business is also part of the travel industry for obvious reasons.

In the case of the transportation sector, the definition and measurement of the travel industry component is more complicated because most transportation spending by visitors involves travel to and from the destination, rather than travel at or within the destination market. This is not an issue if the geographic scope of the travel industry market includes the origin and destination of travel. National travel industry accounts thus include all domestic passenger air transportation in the travel industry. The issue is more complicated at the state or regional level. Suppose, for example, that the focus of a travel industry account is the State of Washington. How should the purchase of a round trip airline ticket by a Chicago resident traveling to Seattle be treated in that only some of the economic impact of this spending will occur in Washington? A reasonable approach would be to allocate only a portion of this spending (and related payroll, taxes, etc.) to Washington and ignore the remainder for the purpose of creating a travel industry account for Washington. However, if this procedure were followed for every state, the sum of the state accounts would be less than the national travel account. The state accounts would be additive if outbound air travel from each state were included. However, this is methodologically inconsistent with the construction of a national account, which does not include outbound travel as a component of domestic tourism demand. The approach used in the RTIM is to make a distinction between the *visitor industry*, that includes only visitor demand, and the *travel industry*, which includes visitor demand and that portion of outbound travel that can be attributed to the resident economy. For example, the passenger air transportation employment in Washington can be divided between three groups of travelers: inbound, outbound, and pass-through. Only that employment attributable to inbound travel is part of the Washington *visitor industry*. Employment attributable to outbound and pass-through travelers is included with the larger *travel industry*.⁸

⁷ The proportion can vary enormously among regions and localities. In many popular visitor destinations, the primary market for food service will be visitors. It should also be noted that even with reliable visitor survey data, there is still the issue of how to translate spending on food service *commodities* to the supply of food service by *industry*. As indicated in the footnote above, food service is also supplied by the accommodation industry.

⁸ The same issue arises with travel agencies and reservation services (NAICS 5615). Most of these services are probably related to outbound travel and are treated as such in the RTIM.

The following two tables display the specific industries that are included in the travel industry for the BEA's national TTSA and the RTIM. Although not identical, the industries are equivalent with only a few exceptions.⁹

**Bureau of Economic Analysis Tourism Industries
Distribution of United States Domestic
Travel-Generated Compensation, 2002**

Accommodation & Food Services	35.4%
Traveler accommodations	21.0%
Food services and drinking places	14.3%
Transportation	29.2%
Air transportation	20.7%
Rail transportation	0.5%
Water transportation	0.9%
Interurban bus transportation	0.4%
Interurban charter bus transportation	0.3%
Urban transit systems & other tran.	1.6%
Taxi service	0.9%
Automotive equipment rental & leasing	2.4%
Automotive repair services	1.2%
Parking lots and garages	0.2%
Toll highways	0.1%
Recreation	11.1%
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	0.5%
Motion pictures and performing arts	1.2%
Spectator sports	2.2%
Participant sports	2.5%
Gambling	2.4%
All other recreation and entertainment	2.3%
Retail & Nondurable Goods Production	16.2%
Petroleum refineries	0.2%
Industries producing nondurable PCE commodities, excluding petroleum refineries	4.7%
Wholesale trade & tran. services	4.2%
Gasoline service stations	0.9%
Retail trade services, excluding gasoline service stations	6.2%
Travel Arrangement	7.0%
All other industries	1.1%
Total Tourism Compensation	100.0%

Source: Adapted from Peter D. Kuhbach, Mark A. Planting, and Erich H. Strassner, "U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts for 1998-2003," Survey of Current Business 84 (September 2004): 59, table 5.

⁹ The major exception is that the BEA includes the production of consumer non-durables that are sold through retail outlets. This is not a major component and would be even less so at the level of the state.

RTIM Travel Impact Industries Matched to NAICS

Travel Impact Industry	NAICS Industry (code)
Accommodation & Food Services	Accommodation (721) Food Services and Drinking Places (722)
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	Performing Arts, Spectator Sports (711) Museums (712) Amusement, Gambling (713) Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation (487)
Retail	Food & Beverage Stores (445) Gasoline Stations (447) Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores (448) Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores (451) General Merchandise Stores (452) Miscellaneous Store Retailers (453)
Ground Transportation	Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation (4852) Taxi and Limousine Service (4853) Charter Bus Industry (4855) Passenger Car Rental (532111) Parking Lots and Garages (812930)
Air Transportation	Scheduled Air Passenger Transportation (481111) Support Activities for Air Transportation (4881)
Travel Arrangement Services	Travel Agencies (56151) Tour Operators (56152)

Source: Dean Runyan Associates

DEMAND SEGMENTS

The distinction between inbound and outbound travel has already been discussed in the previous section and in terms of the concepts of the *visitor industry* and the *travel industry*. Three other types of demand segments that are related exclusively to the *visitor industry* will be discussed here. The first two demand categories are reported by the BEA in their national TTSA. They are: ***leisure versus business travel***, and ***resident versus non-resident travel***. The third demand category is typically reported in the RTIM: ***type of traveler accommodation***. These three demand categories will be discussed in turn.

The distinction between ***leisure versus business travel*** is useful for several reasons. Economists like to distinguish between personal consumption expenditures on the one hand and business expenditures on the other. Indeed, this distinction is central for the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPAs). Those in the travel industry are more likely to be interested in this distinction because leisure travelers represent a more “marketable” segment because their travel choices are less determined by economic and business factors. Furthermore, business and leisure travelers tend to have different spending profiles. The availability of this information in either a state or regional TTSA or RTIM is essentially dependent on the availability of survey data (as it is at the national level). It should be noted, however, that such estimates are considerably less reliable for smaller geographic areas because of the limitations of survey data. Even at the state level, year-to-year changes in the composition of this demand segment should be interpreted in conjunction with other data.

The distinction between ***resident versus non-resident travel*** is fundamental to a national TTSA because it mirrors the distinction between the domestic economy and international transactions. Non-resident travel in the United States is considered an export in the official international transaction accounts.¹⁰ The distinction is obviously also important because it is based on different political, legal, and currency regimes – factors that in themselves influence travel behavior. At the level of the state or region, the distinction between resident and nonresident travel is less important, although it is often reported.¹¹ There are at least two reasons why this distinction is less useful at state and regional levels.

First, there is considerably less of an economic rationale for distinguishing resident and non-resident travel at the level of the state, or any other political jurisdiction within the United States, than there is at the national level. States do not maintain interstate trade balance sheets that chart the flow of goods and services across state boundaries. From an economic point of view, the administration of the tax system is the primary, if only, reason for this distinction. In the case of travel and tourism, the

¹⁰ Conversely, the spending of U.S. visitors in other countries is treated as an import in the international transaction accounts.

¹¹ The issues discussed with regard to the reliability of survey data for leisure versus business travel also applies to this category

evaluation of the tax impacts of resident versus nonresident travel might also be important.¹²

Second, travel is behaviorally defined by length of distance from home (usually at least 50 miles one-way), trip purpose (non-routine), and/or the use of an overnight accommodation away from home. Rarely is domestic travel defined by virtue of crossing a geographic boundary.¹³ The operators of tourist attractions in local communities are generally less interested in the origin of visitors than in the revenue that they generate for their businesses. In terms of the economic impacts at the *local* level, the distinction between in-state residents, out-of-state residents and international visitors may not be relevant other than for the purpose of marketing. However, other geographic characteristics of the visitor (e.g., distance traveled, the specific area of origin) are generally more useful measures of the visitor market than whether the visitor is a resident or nonresident.

Finally, the distinction among different ***types of traveler accommodations*** is generally reported in the RTIM. Typically, these categories are:

- Visitors who stay in hotels, motels, B&Bs., and similar lodging facilities.
- Visitors who stay at campsites.
- Visitors who stay in the private homes of friends or relatives.
- Visitors who stay in vacation or second homes.
- Visitors who do not stay in overnight accommodations on their trip away from home (day visitors).

These distinctions can be useful because estimates of economic impacts are often used for different purposes. The total of all accommodation types, of course, is an estimate of the total magnitude of the visitor industry. Visitors who stay in commercial lodging such as hotels and motels are most likely to have the greatest economic impact on a person-day basis. These visitors are also more likely to be influenced by marketing efforts. In urban areas, a large proportion will represent business travel. In other words, the type of accommodation category can be used in conjunction with other types of data to analyze the market characteristics of visitors.

¹² Nonresident visitors who pay taxes in their destination state represent an unambiguous gain for the state. This effect is less clear for resident travelers within the state.

¹³ In essence, state level travel impact estimates really represent an aggregation of smaller geographic units, such as counties or regions. Populous states with large landmasses (e.g., California or Texas) will have a higher proportion of resident travel than small states (e.g., Rhode Island or Delaware).

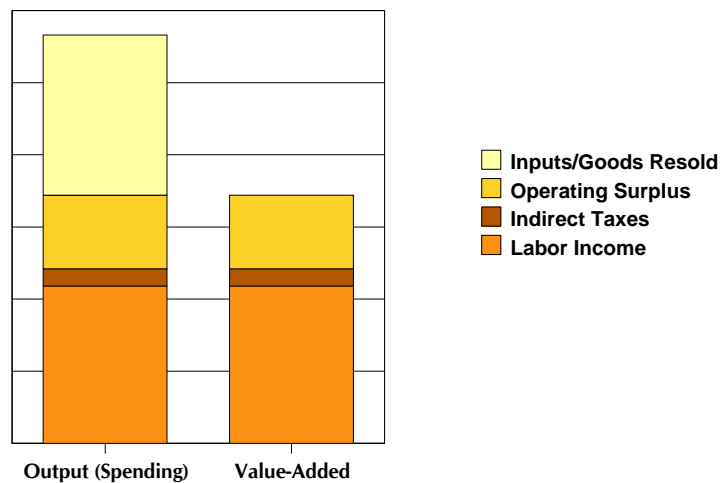
COMPONENTS OF INDUSTRY OUTPUT

Because both the RTIM and the TTSA are empirically linked to NAICS industry accounts, it is possible to provide estimates of different components of economic output. The major economic components most often estimated are:¹⁴

- Travel spending (Gross Output).
- Value-added (Gross Product).
- Earnings (labor income).
- Indirect business taxes (sales, excise, property taxes & fees).

The relationship of these components is shown below. As indicated, the value-added of a particular industry (the bar on the right) is equal to gross output (travel spending) minus the intermediate inputs used by travel industry businesses to produce the good or service. Restaurants, for example, prepare and serve the food products that are purchased from suppliers. Airlines purchase or lease airplanes from other firms. These intermediate inputs are not counted as part of the value-added of the travel industry. They are counted as value-added in other industries (e.g., agriculture, aerospace manufacturing).

Components of Industry Output



The distinction between gross output and value-added is probably even more important at the state or regional level. This is because the intermediate inputs that are purchased from other industries are even more likely to be purchased from businesses located in different regions or states. For example, the economic impact

¹⁴ There are some small differences between the BEA TTSA and the RTIM in what these components include. The BEA allocates proprietor income to Operating Surplus, the RTIM allocates it to Labor Income. The RTIM does not have an estimate of property taxes in indirect taxes. Overall, property taxes on businesses are a relatively small proportion of indirect taxes.

of air passenger travel in the State of Hawaii should not include the purchase of airplanes manufactured in other parts of the world. Travel industry value-added is a more meaningful measure of the true economic impact of visitor spending in Hawaii because a portion of the economic impact of visitor spending in the state will actually occur elsewhere.¹⁵

Value-added can also be viewed in terms of the distribution or payout of industry receipts, exclusive of those paid to other firms for intermediate inputs. Some of the receipts are distributed to labor as wages, benefits, and proprietor income. Some receipts are paid to government as indirect taxes. These taxes are called “indirect” because most of them are actually paid by consumers in the form of sales or excise taxes.¹⁶ The remainder leaves gross operating surplus. Out of gross operating surplus various payments are made in the form of dividends, interest, and other payments, or retained by the firm. The sum of these three broad categories of payments is equal to travel industry value-added. To summarize:

Value-added = Spending *less* intermediate goods & services, or

Value-added = Labor income *plus* indirect business taxes *plus* gross operating surplus.

The RTIM is similar to the TTSA in that it also provides estimates of these components of economic output. Travel spending, earnings, and tax impacts are generally provided at the state or regional level. Value-added is generally reported at the state-level only (sometimes referred to as Travel Industry Gross State Product). At the level of the state, travel industry value-added or GSP is an important measure – more economically meaningful than travel spending.¹⁷ For smaller geographic areas, however, the rationale for reporting value-added is less clear. First, there are real data limitations and data costs in deriving these estimates. Second, ***the most important components of value added for the travel industry are earnings and tax receipts***. Because the travel industry is relatively labor intensive and because a large proportion of travel industry goods and services are subject to excise and sales taxes, these two components of value-added (labor income and indirect taxes) are relatively high for the travel industry. The local effects of gross operating surplus are generally less important and certainly much more difficult to assess than are earnings and tax impacts. The relevance of earnings and tax receipts is also in keeping with the export-oriented emphasis of the travel industry: earnings and tax receipts are more likely to stay in the local economy than is operating surplus.

¹⁵ It should also be noted the value of the intermediate inputs used by travel industry firms will not necessarily disappear if the travel industry stops buying them. Aerospace firms will shift their production to other users (e.g., military). Agriculture will seek new markets for their products.

¹⁶ Other taxes included here are property taxes, business franchise taxes, and other fees. Income taxes are not included, because they are paid out of operating surplus.

¹⁷ It is also possible to compare different industries with respect to their value-added. It is more difficult and less useful to compare industries on the basis of sales.

INDIRECT, INDUCED AND SECONDARY EFFECTS

To this point, the discussion of travel industry accounts has referred only to the direct output components. That is, the ripple effects of the re-spending of travel industry receipts throughout the larger economy have not been analyzed. The structure of both the TTSA and the RTIM permit such analysis.

- **Indirect** effects refer to the intermediate inputs used to produce the final product or service, providing that those inputs are themselves produced within the designated geographic area.
- **Induced** effects refer to the purchase of goods and services by *employees* that are attributable to direct and indirect impacts. These induced impacts are derived from economic data that describe the purchasing patterns of households. For example, employees of all the designated export-oriented industries will spend their income on food, household durables, health care, and so on.
- The sum of indirect and induced impacts is sometimes referred to as the **secondary** effect. These secondary impacts may be as great or greater than the direct impact alone.
- The ratio of the total effects (direct plus either indirect, induced, or secondary) to the direct effects is the **multiplier**.

The BEA reports the **indirect** components of economic output. This is equivalent to domestic travel spending less the goods and services imported from abroad to meet domestic demand. For travel, these imports would include souvenirs manufactured in China and petroleum extracted in Saudi Arabia. The indirect output multiplier for 2002 was 1.76. The ratio of domestic travel spending to travel industry value-added was 1.88. The difference reflects the intermediate inputs for travel imported from abroad.

At the state level, these indirect output multipliers are typically lower because relatively more of the intermediate inputs are purchased from outside of the state. At the county or metropolitan level, the multipliers are generally even lower for the same reason. Furthermore, the estimates are usually less reliable because of the data limitations of the regional input-output model used to estimate the indirect effects.

The BEA does not report **induced** effects – the effect of household spending of the direct and indirect labor income. Typically, these induced effects will be larger than the indirect effects at the state or regional level, in part because they are based on both the direct and indirect components.¹⁸ As with indirect effects, the induced effects will also tend to be lower for smaller economic areas and the reliability of the estimates will be less.

¹⁸ The induced effects can be estimated with the Implan model maintained by the Minnesota Implan Group.

Secondary effects should be interpreted cautiously. These effects describe the relationship of economic transactions at a point in time. These relationships will not necessarily remain constant with a change in direct economic output. This is because all economic resources have alternative uses. Because of this, it is often difficult to determine the effect of an increase or decrease in visitor spending on the larger economic system over time.

THE REGIONAL TRAVEL IMPACT MODEL AND TRAVEL & TOURISM SATELLITE ACCOUNTS COMPARED

This appendix has provided an overview of Dean Runyan Associates RTIM and the Bureau of Economic Analysis' domestic TTSA. These travel industry accounts are similar in terms of how they define the travel industry and the measures of the industry that are reported. The differences stem largely from their different levels of analysis – the BEA provides estimates at the national level only, while the RTIM's are typically constructed on a state or regional level. Because of this geographic focus, the RTIM provides a distinction between the visitor industry and the travel industry. The RTIM also provides measures of all of the components of economic output and secondary effects at the state or large region level. At smaller units of analysis, however, the emphasis is on earnings and tax receipts generated by travel spending as these are the most reliable and meaningful measures of the economic impact of travel at the local level.

TRAVEL IMPACT ESTIMATION PROCEDURES

TRAVEL SPENDING

Hotel, Motel, B&B. Spending on commercial accommodations by hotel and motel guests is estimated from state room tax receipts for each county. Where room tax receipts are unavailable or incomplete, room sales are estimated from lodging inventories, occupancy rates, and room rates. Other lodging industry data, such as sales tax receipts, employment and earnings, are also used to estimate and/or validate room sales. Spending by hotel and motel guests in other business categories, such as food and transportation, is estimated using spending distributions reported in the visitor survey data. The spending distribution shows how travelers divide their spending between lodging and other purchases.

Private Campground. Spending by campers using commercial campgrounds is estimated from the number of commercial campsites, the average occupancy of these campsites, and the average daily expenditures of visitor camp parties reported in survey data. Spending in other business categories is estimated in the same way as for hotel guests.

Public Campground. Spending by campers using public campgrounds is estimated from visitor counts at federal, state, and locally managed campsites and recreation areas, and daily spending estimates from the visitor survey.

Private Home. Spending by private home guests is determined from census data and visitor survey data. The number of owner occupied housing units per county is taken from the decennial census and updated annually. The average number of days per year visitors hosted by residents and the average daily spending of these visitors are estimated from visitor survey data.

Vacation Home. The estimated spending by vacation home renters and owners is also based on census data and visitor survey data. The number of seasonal housing units per county is taken from the decennial census and updated annually. The average number of days per year that these units are occupied by owners or renters (where a room tax is not collected) and the average daily spending of these visitors are estimated from visitor survey data.

Day Travel. The share of day visits as a percentage of total travel is estimated from visitor survey data and applied to average daily spending estimates to produce day visitor spending.

Air Transportation. Visitor spending estimates for air transportation are derived from the Origin-Destination survey conducted for the Bureau of Transportation Statistics. Employment and earnings estimates are derived from industry receipts, payroll, and

employment data for passenger traffic. The impacts of air cargo operations on scheduled passenger flights are not included in these estimates.

Travel Agencies. This category consists of travel agencies (NAICS 56151). Employment estimates are based on employment data provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Spending estimates are derived from the 2002 Economic Census.

RELATED TRAVEL IMPACTS

Spending by travelers generates jobs, payroll, and state and local tax revenue.

Earnings generated directly from traveler expenditures are estimated from the payroll-to-receipts ratio obtained from data published in the 2002 Economic Census and the state and county estimates of earnings and employment produced annually by the Bureau of Economic Analysis' Regional Economic Information System (REIS). Earnings includes payroll and other earned benefits of employees, and proprietor income.

Employment in each business category is calculated from average earnings data derived from Bureau of Labor Statistics Covered Employment and Wages (CEW) data and the earnings and employment produced annually by the Bureau of Economic Analysis' Regional Economic Information System (REIS).

Local Taxes consist of all local (municipality, county, special districts) point-of-sale taxes, including room taxes, sales taxes, and auto rental taxes. Property taxes are not included.

State Taxes consist of all statewide point of sale taxes (including sales taxes and gasoline excise taxes) and business franchise taxes.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Accommodations: Spending for lodging by hotel and motel guests, campers, and vacation home users.

Air Transportation: Air passenger spending attributable to travelers in and to Washington. The spending total includes air travel spending made outside Washington for travel to Washington and air travel within the state.

Campers: Travelers staying at RV parks and commercial campgrounds or at public campgrounds such as those in state and national parks.

Day Visitor: A traveler whose trip does not include an overnight stay but who travels out of his/her local area (50+ miles one-way).

Visitor Spending: Spending by travelers at or near their destinations. This includes spending on airfares to the destination. All automobile operating expenses are included in the ground transportation component of destination spending.

Direct Impacts: Employment, earnings and tax receipts directly generated by travel spending. Direct impacts are one component of total impacts (see below).

Earnings: Total earnings include wage and salary disbursements, other earned income, and proprietor income. Only the earnings attributable to travel expenditures are included.

Eating, Drinking: Businesses serving food and beverages for immediate consumption. In addition to table service restaurants, this category includes fast-food outlets and refreshment stands.

Employment: Industry employment (jobs) associated with the travel-generated payroll and proprietors. This includes both full- and part-time positions.

Expenditures: Purchases by travelers during their trip, including lodging taxes and other applicable local and state taxes paid by the traveler at the point of sale.

Food Stores: Grocery stores, supermarkets, fruit stands, retail bakeries, and other businesses selling food for consumption off the premises.

Ground Transport: Spending on car rentals, gasoline, and other vehicle operating expenses and on local transportation such as taxi, bus, and train.

Hotel and Motel Guests: Travelers staying in hotels, motels, resorts, bed & breakfast establishments, condominiums, and other lodging places where the Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax is collected.

Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax: A state or local tax charged on lodging. Also referred to as room tax, transient lodging tax, or bed tax.

Indirect Impacts: See secondary impacts.

Induced Impacts: See secondary impacts.

Local Tax Receipts: Tax revenue collected by counties and municipalities, as levied on applicable travel-related businesses. Consists of hotel occupancy taxes, local sales taxes, and local auto rental taxes.

Multiplier: Refers to the ratio of total impacts to direct impacts for employment or earnings.

Private Home Guests: Travelers staying as guests with friends or relatives.

Receipts: Travel expenditures less the sales and excise taxes imposed on those expenditures. Also referred to as business receipts.

Recreation: Spending on entertainment and recreation, such as admissions to tourist attractions or artistic events.

Retail Sales: Spending for gifts, souvenirs, and other items. Excludes spending listed separately, such as food stores or recreation.

Secondary Impacts: The sum of indirect and induced impacts. Indirect impacts refer to the purchases of goods and services by the businesses that receive travel expenditures. Induced impacts refer to the spending by employees of the businesses that directly and indirectly receive travel expenditures.

Spending Distributions: Information from visitor surveys showing how spending by each type of visitor is divided among various business categories.

State Tax Receipts: State hotel occupancy taxes and sales taxes, motor fuel taxes, and business franchise taxes attributable to travel expenditures.

Total Impacts: The sum of direct and secondary impacts.

Travel: A day or overnight trip that is not of a local or commuting nature. Travel may be for business or pleasure purposes.

Travel Spending. Spending by visitors on trip-related goods and services. Travel spending does not include purchases of durable goods (e.g., recreational equipment, luggage) used for or during travel. *Total travel spending* is the sum of *Destination Spending* (see above) and spending on airfares and travel arrangement services.

Traveler: A person traveling in Washington. A traveler may be a Washington resident or a resident of another state. The terms traveler and visitor have the same meaning in this report.

ROUNDING AND FORMAT OF DETAILED TABLES

ROUNDING OF ESTIMATES

Dollar amounts in the detailed metropolitan and regional reports are rounded to the nearest \$100,000. For example, an estimate of \$3,674,352 before rounding would be rounded to \$3,700,000. In the detailed tables, this is presented as \$3.7 million. Most employment estimates are rounded to the nearest ten jobs. For example, an employment estimate of 137 jobs before rounding would be rounded to 140 jobs. Employment estimates for large metropolitan and regional areas are rounded to the nearest 100 jobs and reported in thousands (e.g., 3,943 reported as 3.9 thousand). All totals in the tables are the sum of the estimates before rounding. For example, the sum of 40 (rounded from 37) and 60 (rounded from 57) would be 90 (rounded from $37 + 57 = 94$). This means that the reported totals are occasionally different from the sum of the rounded details.

TABLE FORMAT

- *Total Direct Travel Spending* includes visitor spending at destination (including air transportation) plus other travel. Other travel includes resident spending on outbound air transportation and spending on travel arrangement services. Total direct travel spending does not include secondary (indirect and induced) effects.
- *Visitor Spending by Type of Traveler Accommodation* refers to the total direct spending of each category of visitor at that destination (county or state). For example, the spending of visitors that stayed at hotels, motels or B&B's includes their spending on accommodations, food and beverage service, recreation, transportation, and all other visitor related commodities.
- *Visitor Spending by Commodity Purchased* refers to the total spending on each commodity for all types of visitors. For example, the total spending on food and beverage services includes spending by visitors staying in hotels, private campgrounds, private homes, and the other types of accommodation. The total visitor spending on commodities is identical to the total spending by type of accommodation.

The next two sections, *Direct Travel-Generated Earnings by Industry* and *Direct Travel-Generated Employment by Industry*, provide estimates of travel-generated earnings and employment that are based on an industry, rather than a commodity, classification. A business that is classified in a particular industry may include more than one commodity. For example, a resort that is classified in the accommodation industry may provide accommodations, food and beverages, and recreation.

- *Direct Travel-Generated Earnings by Industry* includes the payroll, other earned benefits, and proprietor income of all employees in that industry classification.
- *Direct Travel-Generated Employment by Industry* includes all full- and part-time employees. This includes payroll employees covered by unemployment insurance and those that are not, as well as proprietors.
- *Tax Revenues Generated by Travel Spending* provides a breakout of local and state taxes. A breakout of federal tax impacts is provided at the state level only. Local taxes include local room taxes, local sales taxes, and local auto rental taxes. State taxes include the state room tax, state sales tax, state motor fuel tax, the state auto-rental tax, and the business franchise tax. Federal taxes include payroll and income taxes, the motor fuel excise tax, and airline ticket taxes.